Direct-to-Consumer Advertising (DTCA)

Health Products and Food Branch (HPFB)
Office of Regulatory and International
Affairs (ORIA)

CAPRA Symposium, February 24, 2004



Objectives

- Provide information on the status of DTCA policy work and consultation activities.
- Promote discussion to inform the review of DTCA policy:
 - Evidence needed to make an informed decision about DTCA;
 - How to provide information to enable the public to make informed decisions about their health.



Overview

Context.

- Status of Policy Work on DTCA:
 - Policy Analysis.
 - Consultations.

DTCA Policy Review: Next Steps?



Context

Food and Drugs Act

- 1949 advertisement prohibition to the general public as a treatment, preventative or cure for conditions listed to Schedule A (PART I, 3.(1).
- ☐ Example: Cancer, depression, heart disease, asthma.

Food and Drug Regulations

- □ 1978 amendment allowing ads to mention name, price and quantity. (Section C.01.044).
- ☐ Help-seeking announcements and reminder ads.
- Provisions against Deception.



Context (Cont'd)

- Why the pressure for review?:
 - Cross-border exposure: 1997 U.S. legislative changes, Internet.
 - Socio-economic changes.
 - Monitoring and enforcement capacity.



Status of Work on DTCA

☐ Policy analysis.

Consultations.



DTCA Policy Analysis



Policy Analysis

- □ Health Transition Fund study: An Assessment of the Health System Impacts of DTCA of Prescription Medicines.
- ☐ Study of international jurisdictions, literature reviews and identification of research gaps.

Health Transition Fund study (2002):

- Literature review of empirical research on the effects of DTCA:
 - Association between DTCA and cost increases;
- Expert survey on DTCA involving stakeholders from Canada, the United States, and New Zealand:
 - DTCA increases spending on prescription drugs and frequency of physician visits;



- Comparative survey of impact of DTCA on patient/doctor interactions and prescribing practices (Vancouver and Sacramento):
 - Patients exposed to DTCA requested more advertised drugs;
 - Physicians more likely to express ambivalence about treatment choices when prescribing a requested drug;

- Examination of the economic basis of DTCA and its potential impacts in Canada:
 - No conclusive data that brand-specific DTCA leads to more competitive pricing or health care savings relative to existing disease awareness campaigns.

International jurisdictions:

- **EU**: DTCA is prohibited. October 2002, European Parliament rejects DTCA, requests a comprehensive consumer/patient information strategy.
- Australia: DTCA is prohibited. Advertising of nonprescription drugs and medical devices is permitted; preapproval systems in place.
- **New Zealand**: DTCA is permitted but currently undergoing review.
- United States: DTCA has grown rapidly, especially for "blockbuster" drugs, with the highest ROI.



Identification of research gaps:

- □ A large body of literature suggests that DTCA increases demand and use of prescription drugs.
- Significant gaps remain regarding causal linkages and potential impacts of DTCA on the Canadian population as a whole.

Research Gaps:

- Whether increased use of prescription drugs constitutes a positive or negative health impact:
 - Prescription medication may be beneficial when used as directed. However:
 - Risk of unnecessary use.
 - Risk of inappropriate use.
- ☐ Risks associated with new and innovative drugs:
 - Performance and side-effects outside the context of the small controlled clinical studies;
 - DTCA is usually most intense for new products.



- Optimal means to ensure that patients can make informed health choices:
 - Does the impact of DTCA on patient habits differ from that of public education/objective information?
- Costs to health care system.
 - Issue of sustainability.



Consultations



Consultations

- TPP consultations on DTCA: 1996, 1998,1999.
- ☐ First round of Legislative Renewal consultations.
- As part of the second round Legislative Renewal consultations, in fall 2003 Health Canada organized national stakeholder workshops on advertising of health products:
 - Montreal (November 20-21)
 - ➤ Toronto (November 27-28)
 - Ottawa (December 4-5)



Consultations (Cont'd)

- ☐ Objective of Legislative Renewal Consultations on Advertising:
 - Provide information to stakeholders on the draft proposal for a new Canada Health Protection Act;
 - Obtain feedback from key stakeholders on issues pertaining to the advertising of health products as outlined in the proposed;
- □ A broad range of stakeholders: Consumer and community groups, academia, patient groups, health professional associations, and industry (pharmaceutical and advertising industries,) and pre-clearance agencies.



Legislative Renewal Consultations (Cont'd): Key Messages

General:

- Health and safety is the highest priority.
- Develop a solution for drug advertising adapted to the Canadian situation and promote Direct-to-Consumer Information and Direct-to-Consumer Education (as opposed to advertising).
- ☐ The status quo is not tenable. Greater control is needed.
- Important role for Health Canada.

Consultations (Cont'd): Key Messages

Deception:

☐ Eliminate deception.

Clarify and tighten definitions for deception and promotion.

Establish criteria for balanced information and valid data.



Consultations (Cont'd): Key Messages

Monitoring and enforcement:

- Need for effective, transparent and timely monitoring and enforcement (for advertising or the dissemination of information.
- Need for effective sanctions for violations for either advertising or the dissemination of information?
- □ Role for independent third party bodies in preclearance, monitoring and enforcement.



Consultations (Cont'd)

- □ Public Advisory Committee (PAC) consultations (February 21, 2004).
- Objective: To obtain feedback on how drug advertising might be better controlled in light of comments received from recently held Legislative Renewal consultations.

DTCA Policy Review: Next Steps?



DTCA Policy Review: Next Steps?

Consultations findings will be used to inform policy analysis.

Key questions and considerations:

- DTCA of prescription drugs:
 - Analysis needed regarding the potential impacts of DTCA in Canada?
 - How can these data be obtained?
- Other health products.
- Other Advertising issues.



DTCA Policy Review: Next Steps? (Cont'd)

- Cross-border exposure:
 - Difficulty of distinguishing between Canadian and foreign ads;
 - Drugs often have the same name in Canada and the U.S.: A U.S. ad may have an impact in Canada;
 - DTCA on the Internet.





