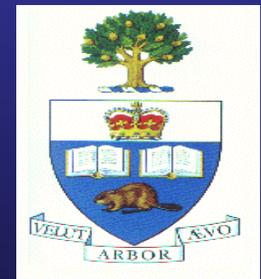


Sepsis

John C. Marshall, MD FRCSC



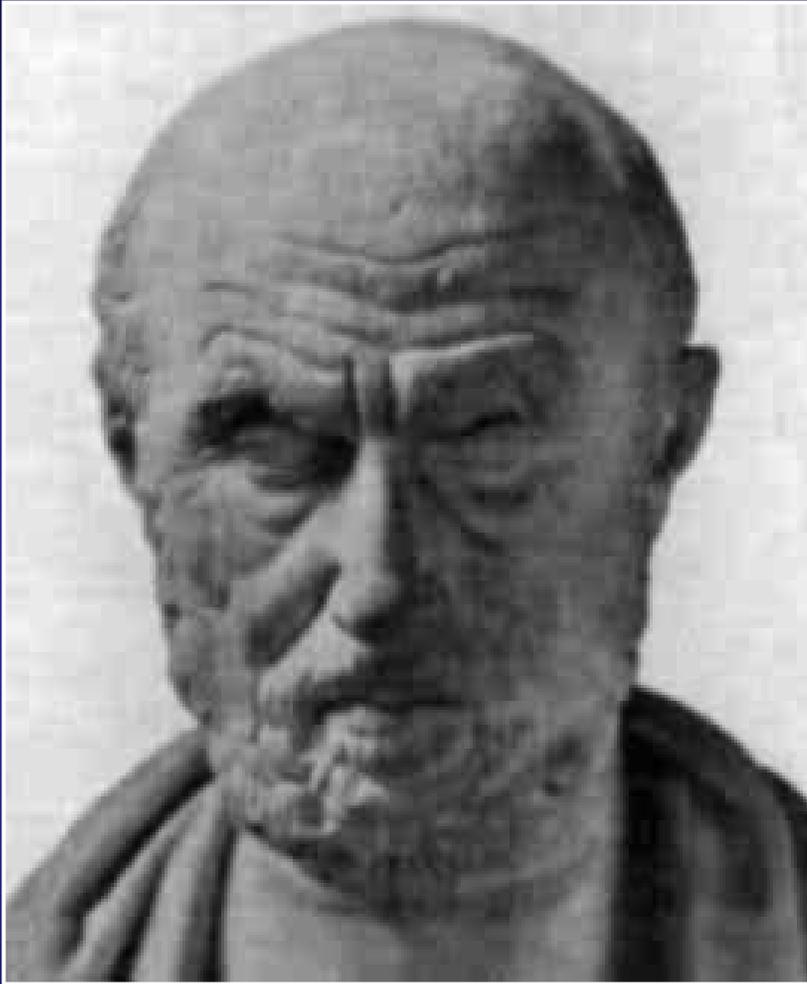
CAPRA
Toronto, Ontario
April 20, 2009



St. Michael's Hospital

University of Toronto

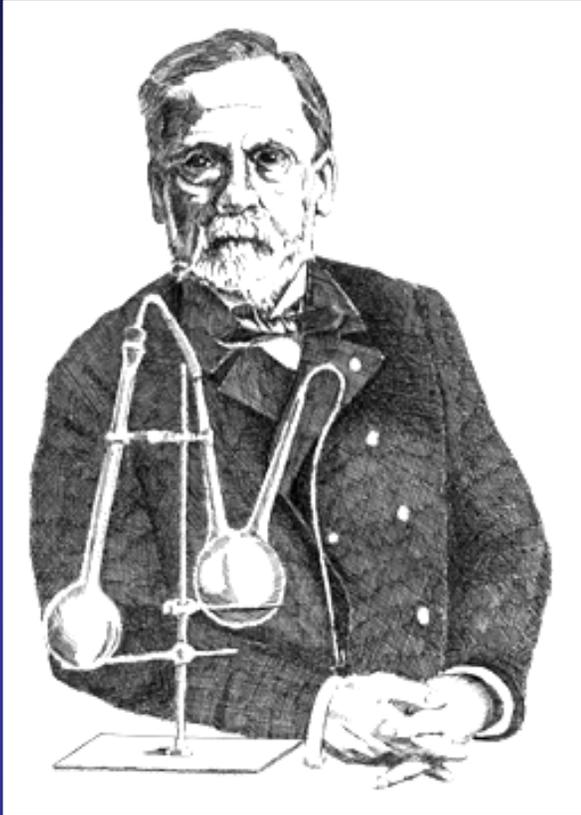




Hippocrates
460 – 370 BC

Sepsis

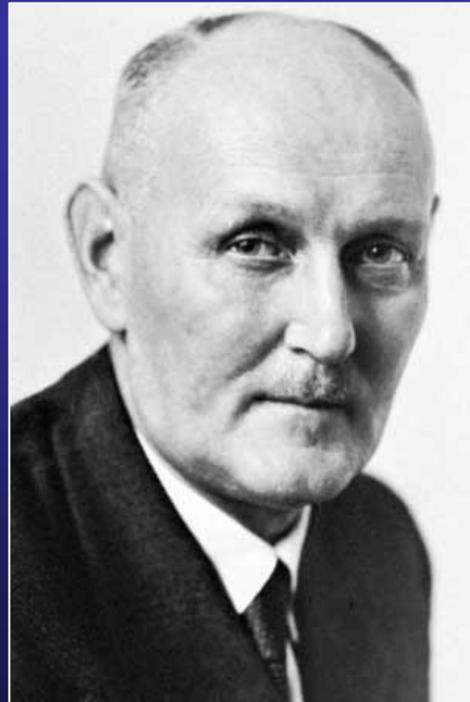
Pepsis



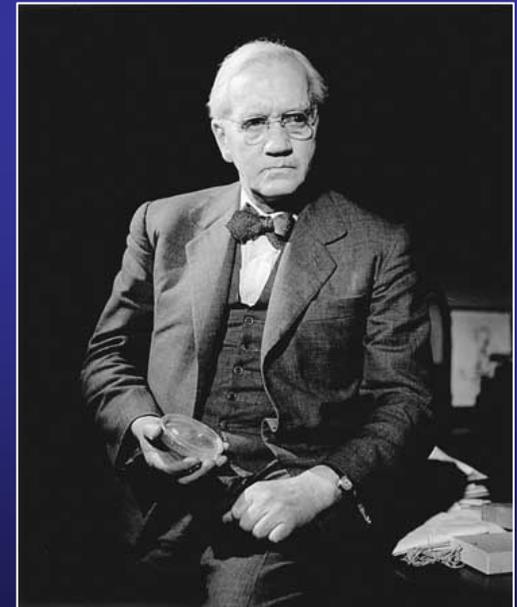
Louis Pasteur
1822 - 1895



Ignace Semmelweis

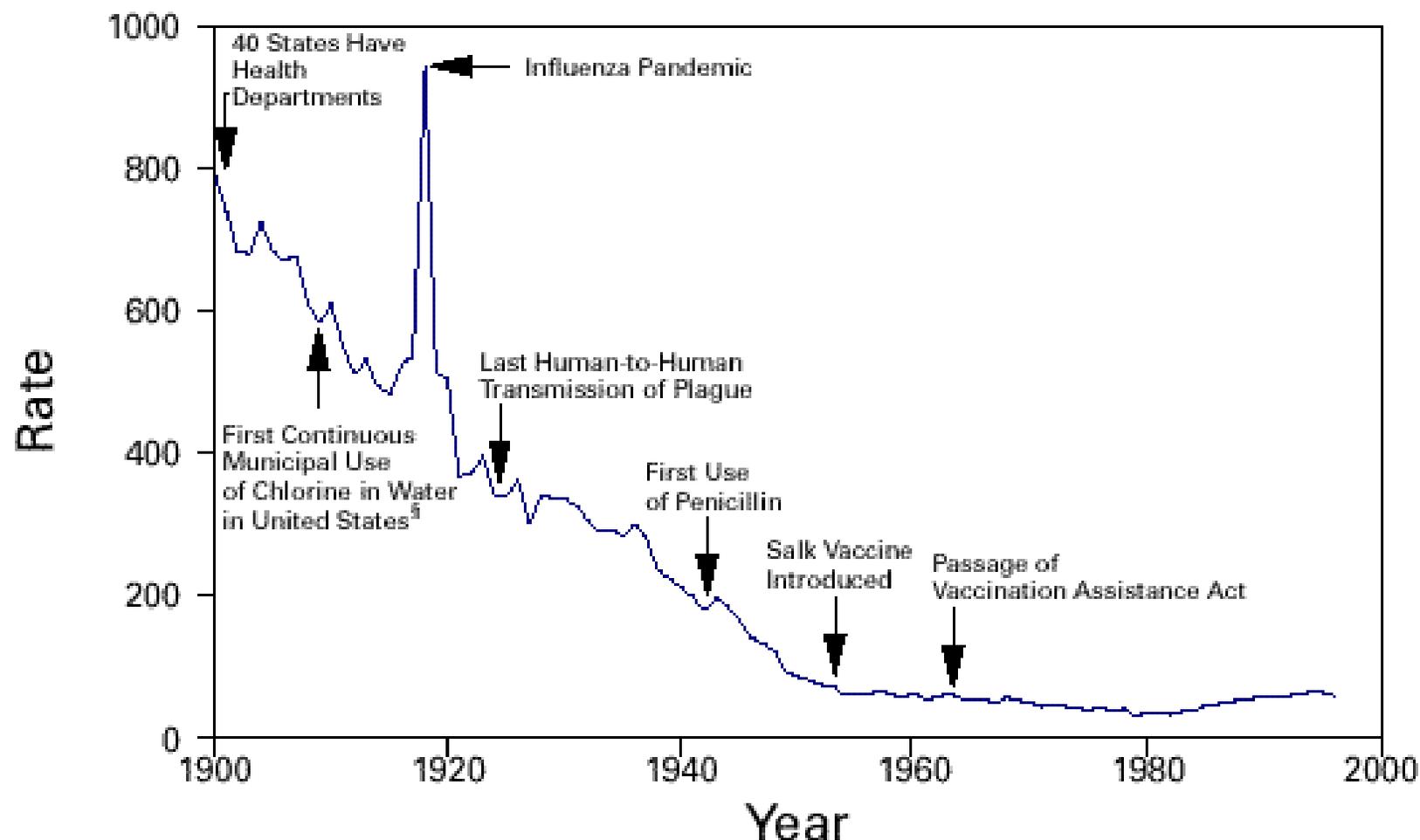


Gerhard Domagk



Alexander Fleming

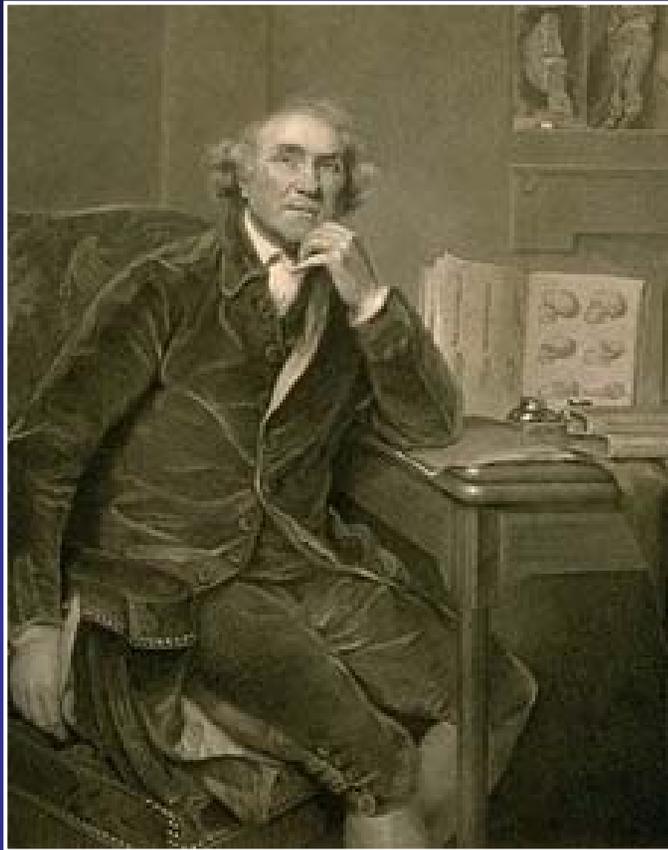
FIGURE 1. Crude death rate* for infectious diseases — United States, 1900–1996[†]



*Per 100,000 population per year.

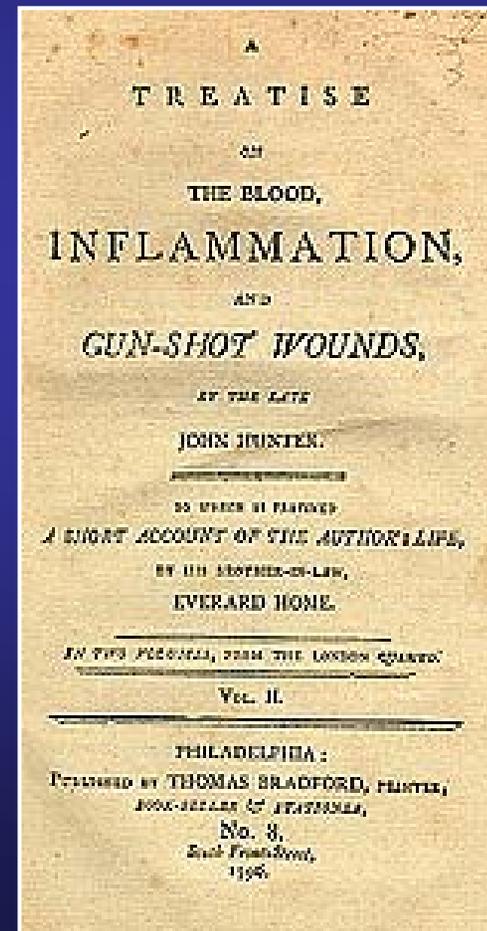
[†]Adapted from Armstrong GL, Conn LA, Pinner RW. Trends in infectious disease mortality in the United States during the 20th century. *JAMA* 1999;281:61–6.

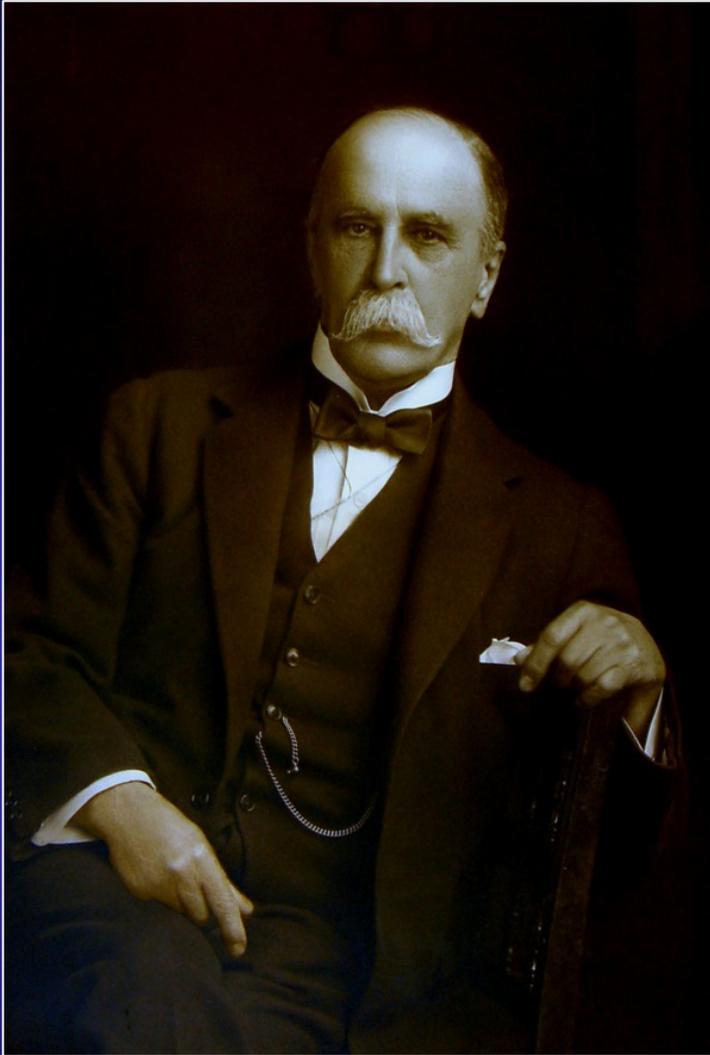
[§]American Water Works Association. Water chlorination principles and practices: AWWA manual M20. Denver, Colorado: American Water Works Association, 1973.



John Hunter
1728 - 1793

“... both the disposition
and the means of cure...”





William Osler

“Except on few occasions, the patient appears to die from the body’s response to infection rather than from it ...”



An extract of the cell
wall of *Vibrio cholera*:

Endotoxin

- 1894

Richard Pfeiffer

**Susceptibility to LPS is
Transferred with Bone Marrow Cells**



**C3H HeJ
(Resistant)**



**C3H HeN
(Sensitive)**

**Susceptibility to LPS is
Transferred with Bone Marrow Cells**



**C3H HeJ
(Resistant)**



**C3H HeN
(Sensitive)**

**IRRADIATION
CROSSOVER BONE MARROW TRANSPLANT**

↓ + LPS

**Susceptibility to LPS is
Transferred with Bone Marrow Cells**

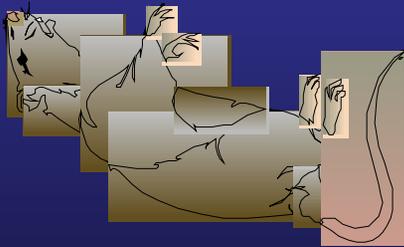


**C3H HeJ
(Resistant)**



**C3H HeN
(Sensitive)**

**IRRADIATION
CROSSOVER BONE MARROW TRANSPLANT**



HeN Marrow Die

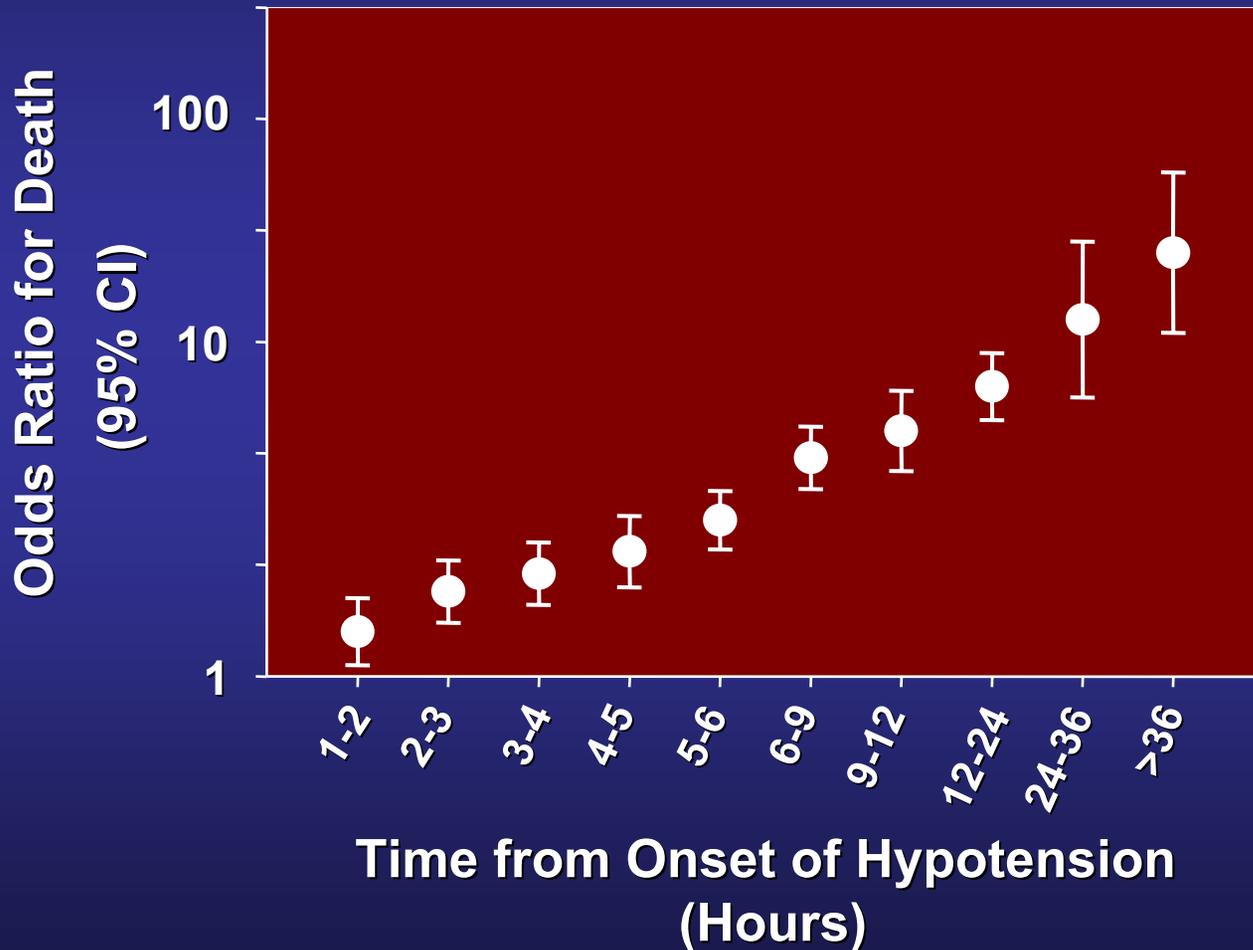


+ LPS



HeJ Marrow Live

Impact of Delayed Antibiotic Therapy on Clinical Outcome



Impact of Source Control in 1170 Patients with Sepsis

28 Day Mortality

Adequate	Inadequate	p.
----------	------------	----

31.4% (303/964)	42.7% (88/206)	0.003
-----------------	----------------	-------

Odds Ratio 0.61 (0.45-0.83)

**Treatment of infection
is **necessary**, but not
sufficient, for the
successful management
of sepsis**

Impact of Infection on ICU Outcome

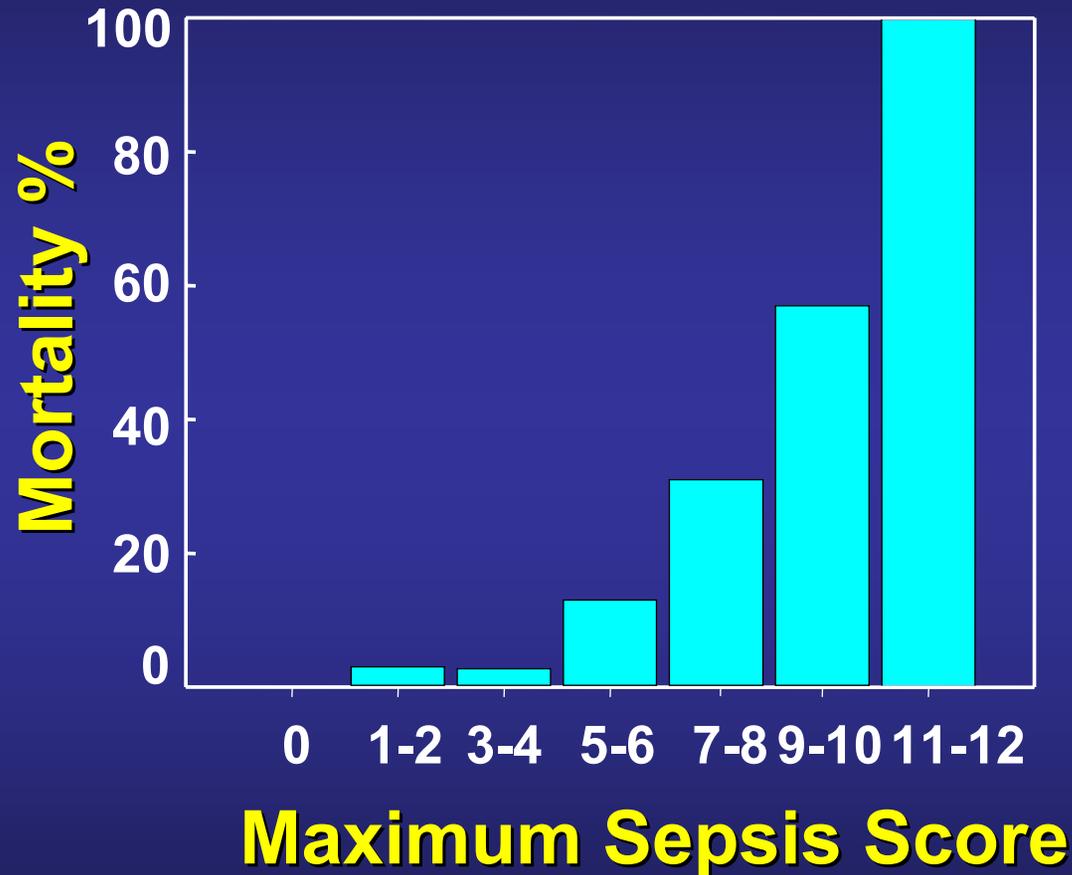
Infectious Status	ICU Stay (Days)	Mortality Percent	p.
None (N=123)	3.7 _± 0.1	3.3
Primary Infection (N=56)	7.1 _± 1.0	19.6	0.03
ICU-Acquired (N=51)	11.2 _± 1.2	23.5	0.002

Sepsis Score

- **Temperature**
- **White count**
- **Insulin requirements**
- **Cardiac output/SVR**
- **Change in GCS**

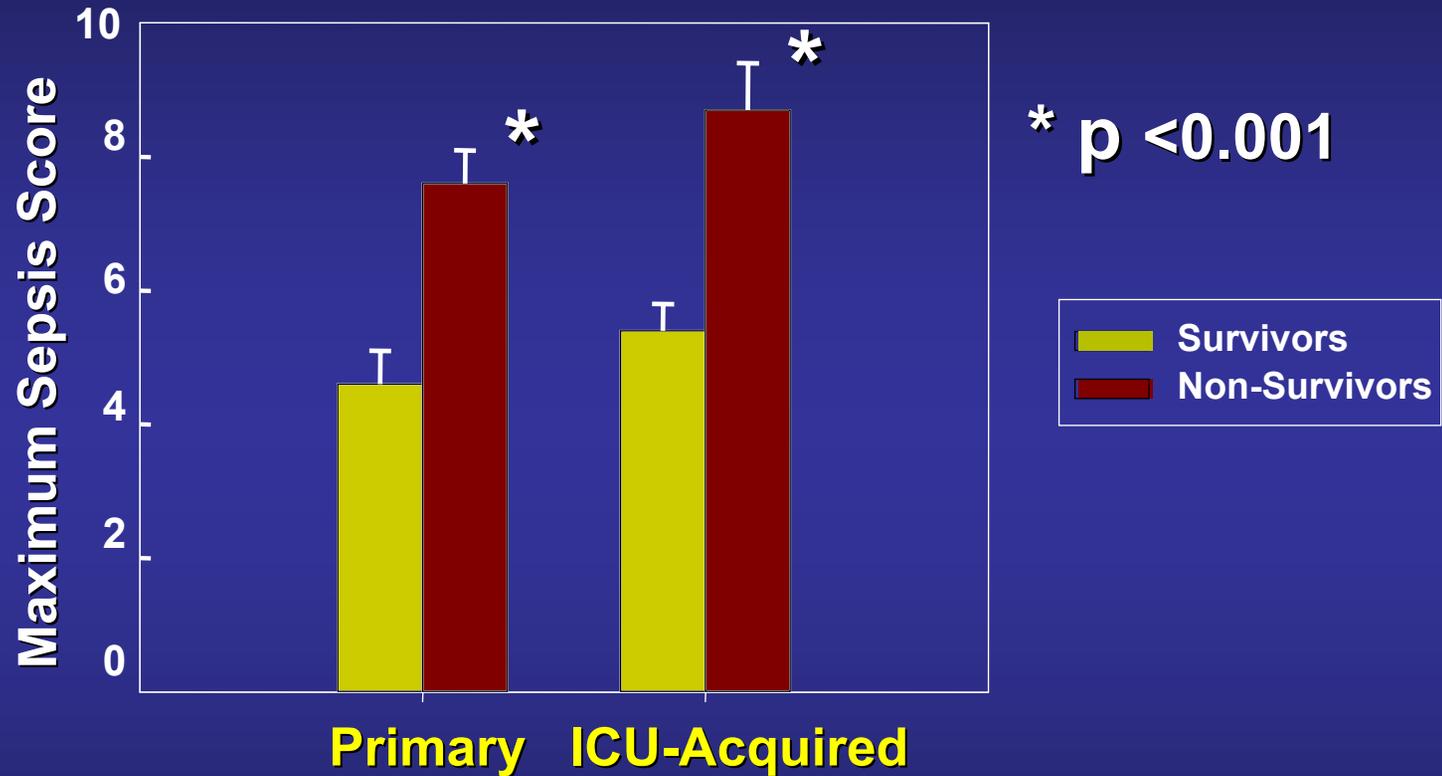
- **Each scored 0-3**
- **Maximum score 15**
- **Scores calculated daily**

Impact of Sepsis on ICU Outcome



- Marshall & Sweeney *Arch Surg* 125:17, 1990

Sepsis Scores in Patients with Infection



- Marshall & Sweeney *Arch Surg* 125:17, 1990

Infections in Patients with Sepsis Scores =>7

Infection	% of Patients		p.
	Survivors	Non-Survivors	
Primary	38.1	46.7	NS
ICU-Acquired	76.2	60	NS
None	14.3	13.2	NS
Pneumonia	47.6	53.3	NS
Peritonitis	33.3	40	NS
Bacteremia	42.9	20	NS
Sepsis Score	7.7_±0.2	8.9_±0.4	<0.01

- Marshall & Sweeney *Arch Surg* 125:17, 1990

Why did he die?



Sepsis

Uncontrolled infection



Excessive inflammation



Immune suppression

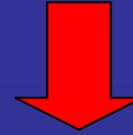


Organ dysfunction



Death

Why did he die?



Sepsis

Susceptibility to LPS is Transferred with Bone Marrow Cells

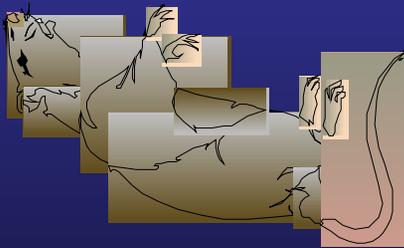


C3H HeJ
(Resistant)



C3H HeN
(Sensitive)

IRRADIATION
CROSSOVER BONE MARROW TRANSPLANT



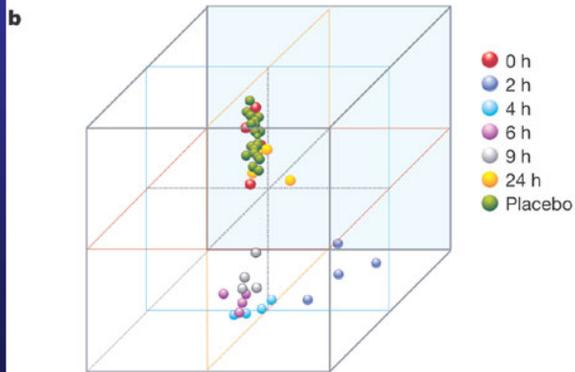
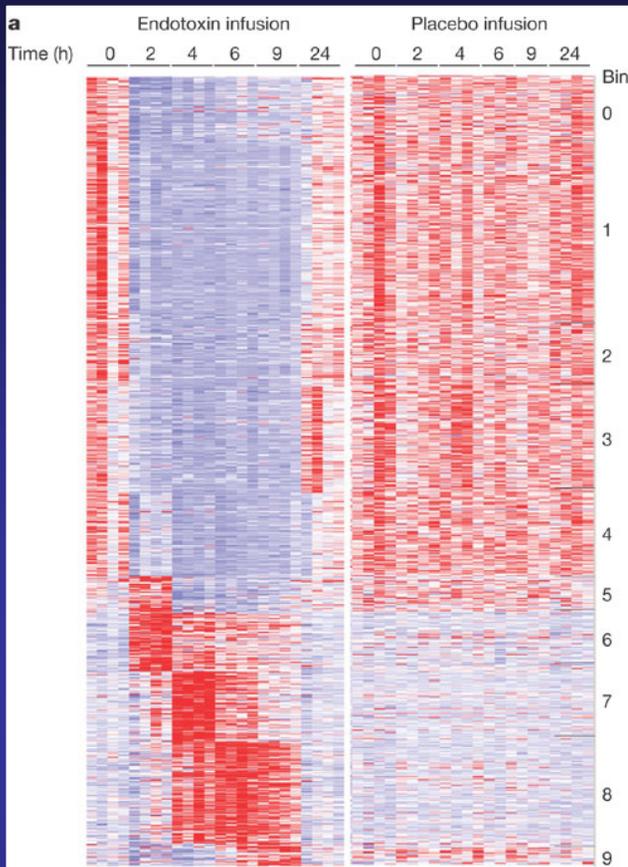
HeN Marrow Die



+ LPS



HeJ Marrow Live

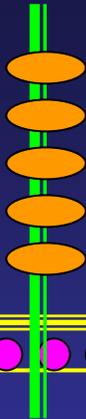
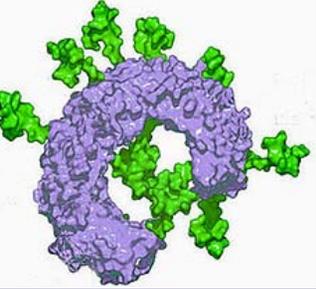


LPS challenge in human volunteers causes altered expression of 3714 distinct genes.

- Calvano, *Nature* 437:1032, 2005

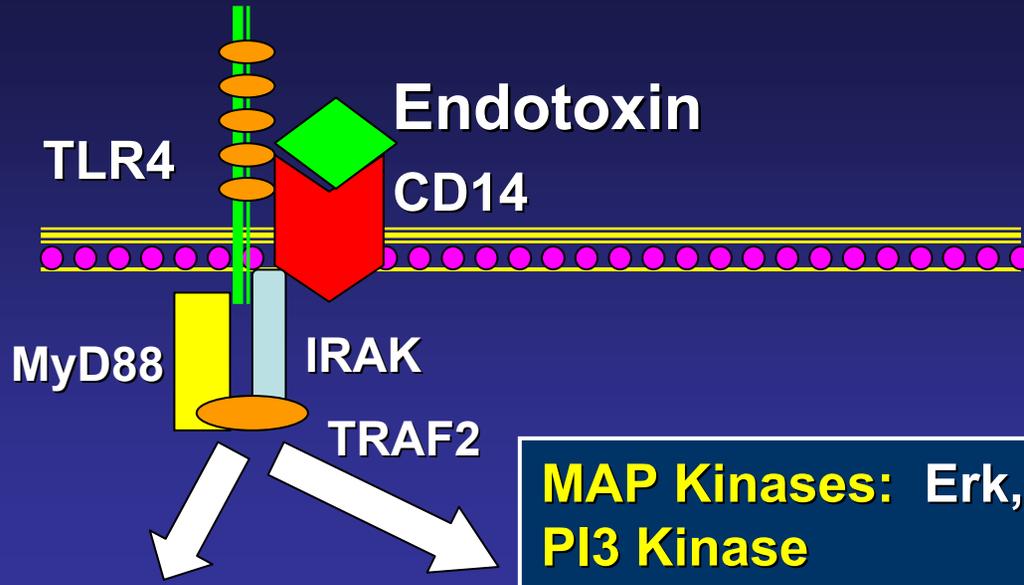
Mediators of Lethality in Murine Endotoxemia

Cytokines	IL-1, IL-12, IL-18 TNF, IFN γ , TGF β , LIF, MIF, G-CSF, HMGB-1, MIP-1 α , MFP-14, LBP, PTH-RP IL-1ra, IL-4, IL-10, IL-13, IFN α , HGF, LIF, CRP, MCP-1, BPI, CAP18, TSG-14, VLDL, VIP, C3, C4, melatonin
Receptors	TNFr p55, IL-1r, PAFr, LECAM-1, TREM-1, LDLr, CD11a, CD14 VIPr, Adenosine A3r
Non-proteins	PAF, PLA ₂ Vitamin B12, Vitamin D3
Signal transduction	hck, COX-2, p38, jnk, NF κ B, iNOS, caspase-3 Stat4, Stat6, I κ B, HSP70, hemoxygenase
Coagulation Factors	PAI 1, Tissue Factor TFPI, APC



Toll-like Receptors

TLR2	Lipoteichoic acid, bacterial lipoprotein, Injured tissue
TLR3	Double-stranded RNA
TLR4	Endotoxin, elastase, heparan, HSP60, oxidized phospholipids
TLR5	Flagellin
TLR6	<i>Mycoplasma</i> lipopeptide
TLR7	Imiquod, viral DNA
TLR8	Viral DNA, single-strand RNA
TLR9	Bacterial DNA



MAP Kinases: Erk, p38, Jnk
PI3 Kinase

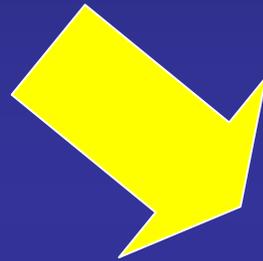
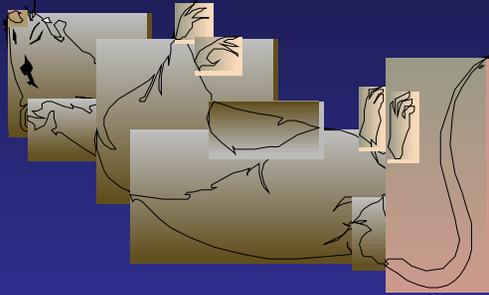
NFκB

Pro-inflammatory genes:
IL-1, TNF

PAF, Nitric oxide,
Coagulation

Tissue ischemia,
Cell necrosis,
Apoptosis





???



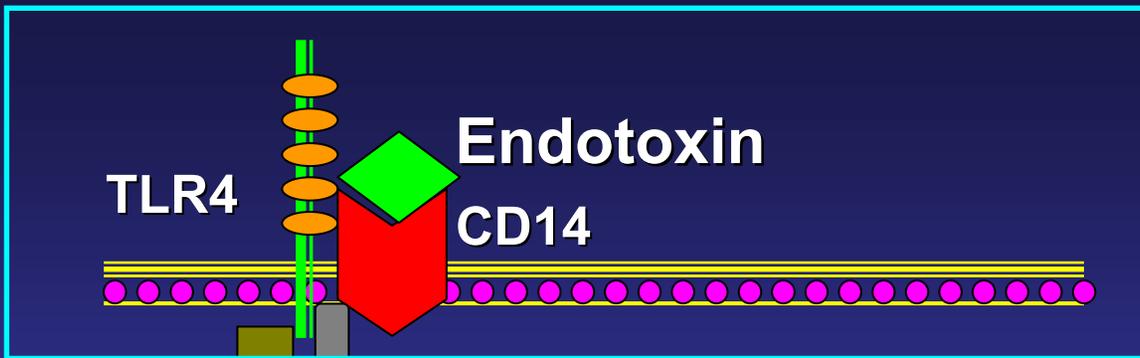
Corticosteroids Reduce Mortality in Septic Shock (N=172)

30 Day Mortality	
Control	38.4%
Methylprednisolone	11.6%
Dexamethasone	9.3%

Effect of J5 Anti-serum in Gram Negative Bacteremia (N=304)

	Mortality		
	Placebo	J5	p.
Positive blood cultures	38%	24%	0.041
Hypotension	52%	32%	0.028
Shock	76%	46%	0.009

- Ziegler, *N.Engl.J.Med.* 307:1225, 1982



MyD88

IRAK

TRAF2

MAP Kinases: Erk, p38, Jnk
PI3 Kinase

NFkB

Pro-inflammatory genes:
IL-1, TNF

Tissue ischemia,
Cell necrosis,
Apoptosis

PAF, Nitric oxide,
Coagulation



Therapies Targeting Endotoxin

TLR4 Antagonists

E5564 (Eisai)

Others

CD14 Antagonists

IC14

Anti-LPS Strategies

Antibodies:

J5, HA-1A, E5

rBPI₂₁

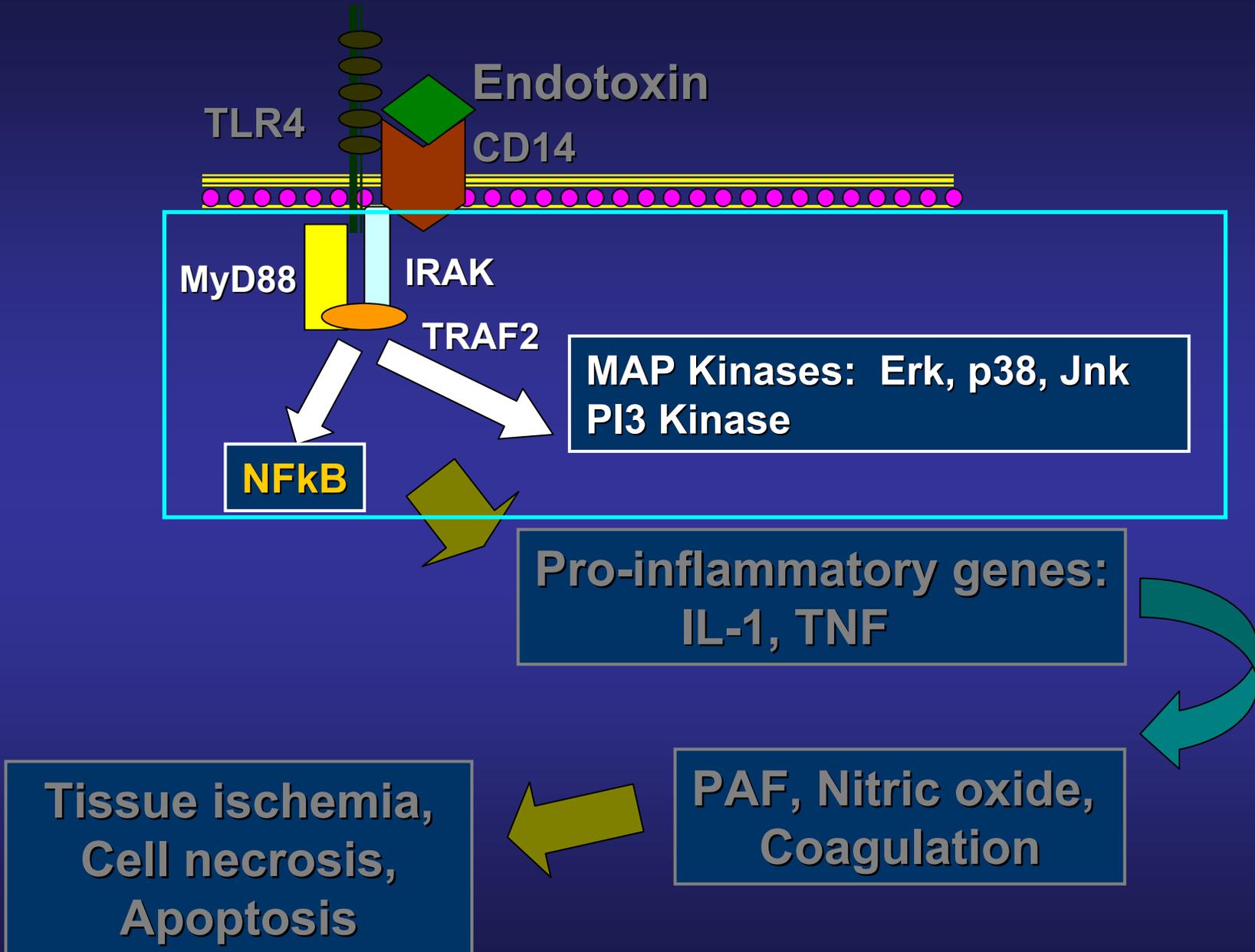
Polymyxin B dextran

HDL, taurolidine

Alkaline phosphatase

Lipid emulsion

Extracorporeal removal



TLR4

Endotoxin

CD14

MyD88

IRAK

TRAF2

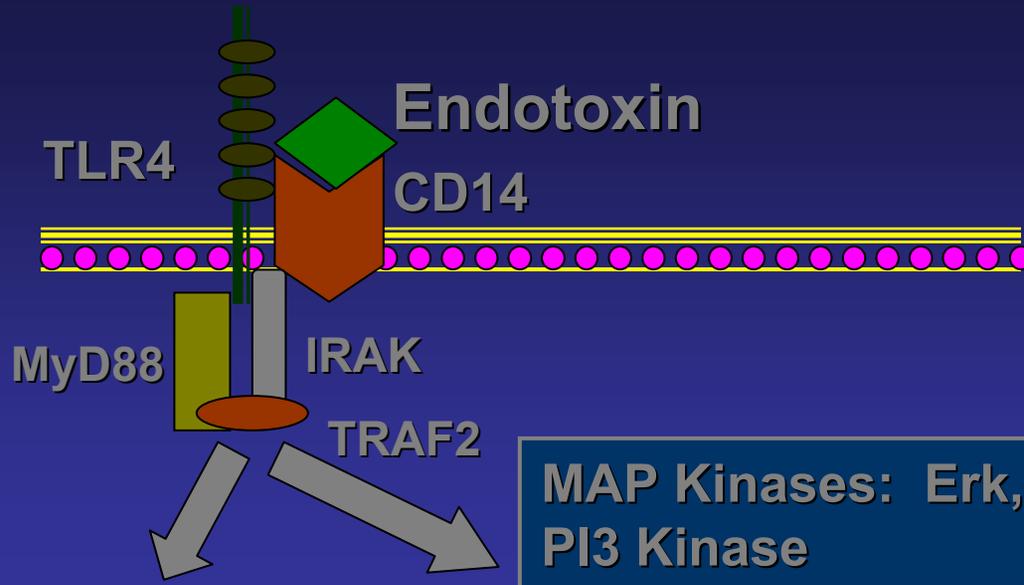
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Tissue ischemia,
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PAF, Nitric oxide,
Coagulation



NFkB

Pro-inflammatory genes:
IL-1, TNF

Tissue ischemia,
Cell necrosis,
Apoptosis

PAF, Nitric oxide,
Coagulation

Neutralization of Pro-Inflammatory Cytokines in Sepsis

Interleukin-1 Receptor Antagonist

3 Studies; 1688 patients

28 Day Mortality

Odds Ratio: 0.80 (0.65-0.99)

p=0.04

Neutralization of Pro-Inflammatory Cytokines in Sepsis

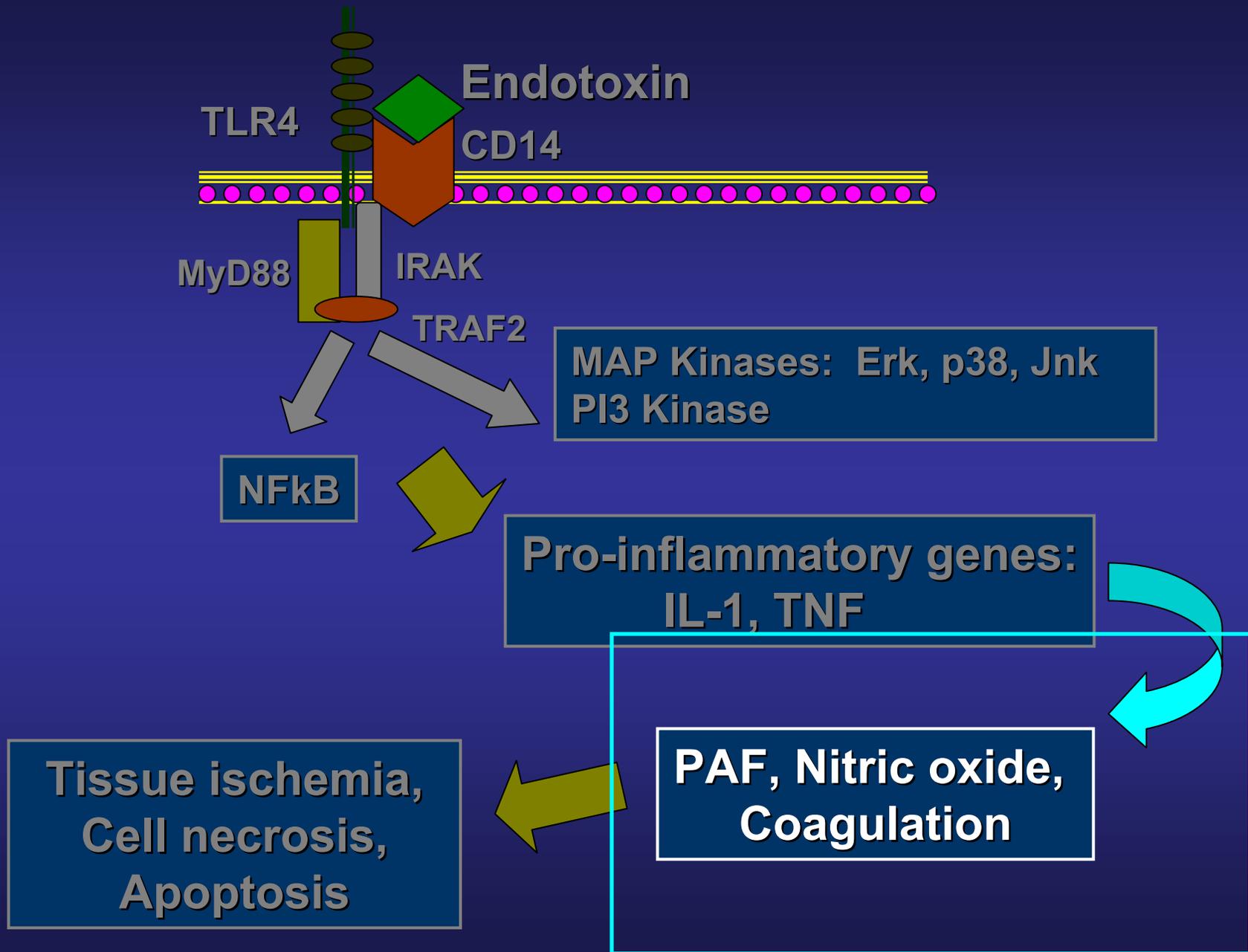
Anti-TNF Antibodies

8 Studies; 6500 patients

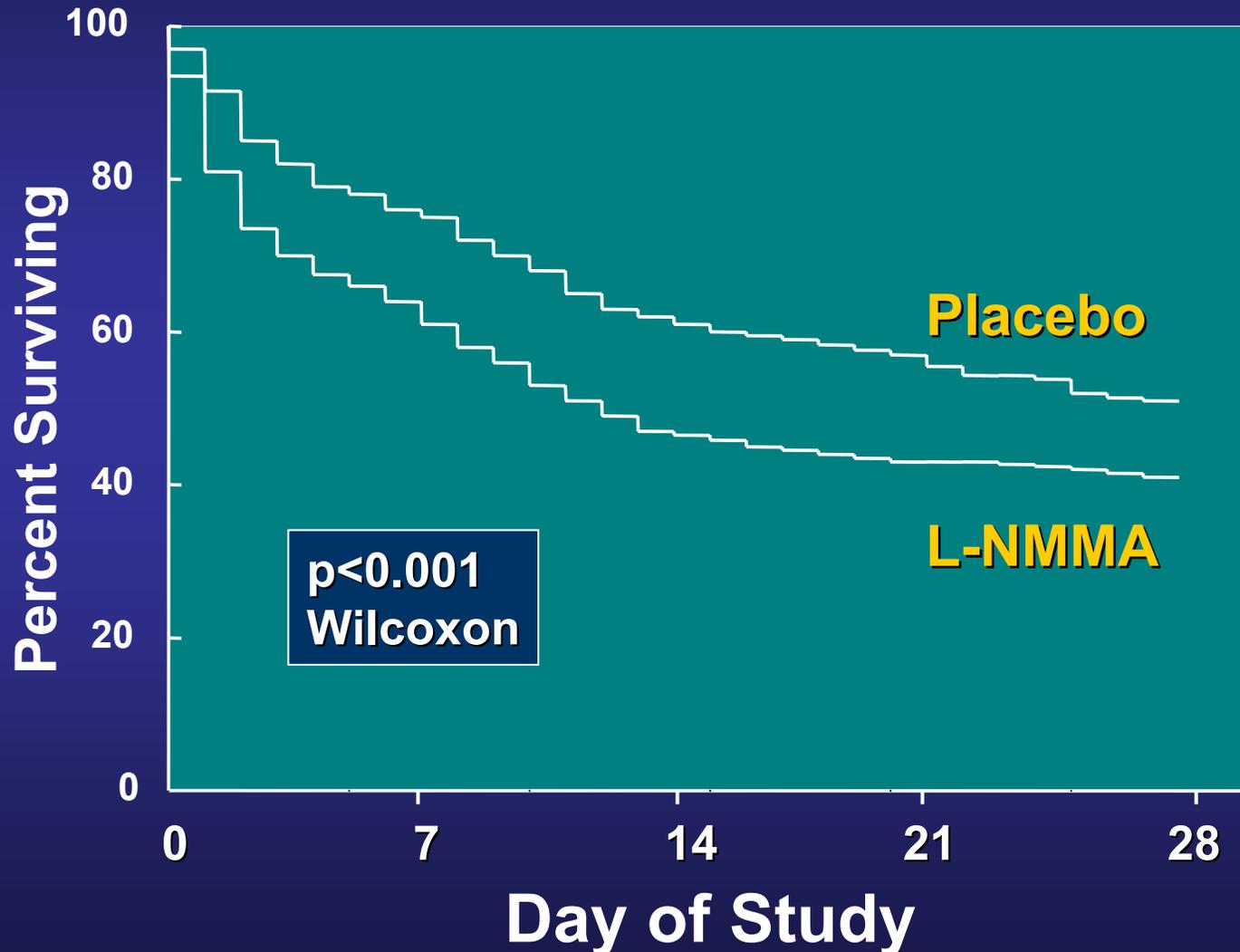
28 Day Mortality

Odds Ratio: 0.93 (0.87-0.99)

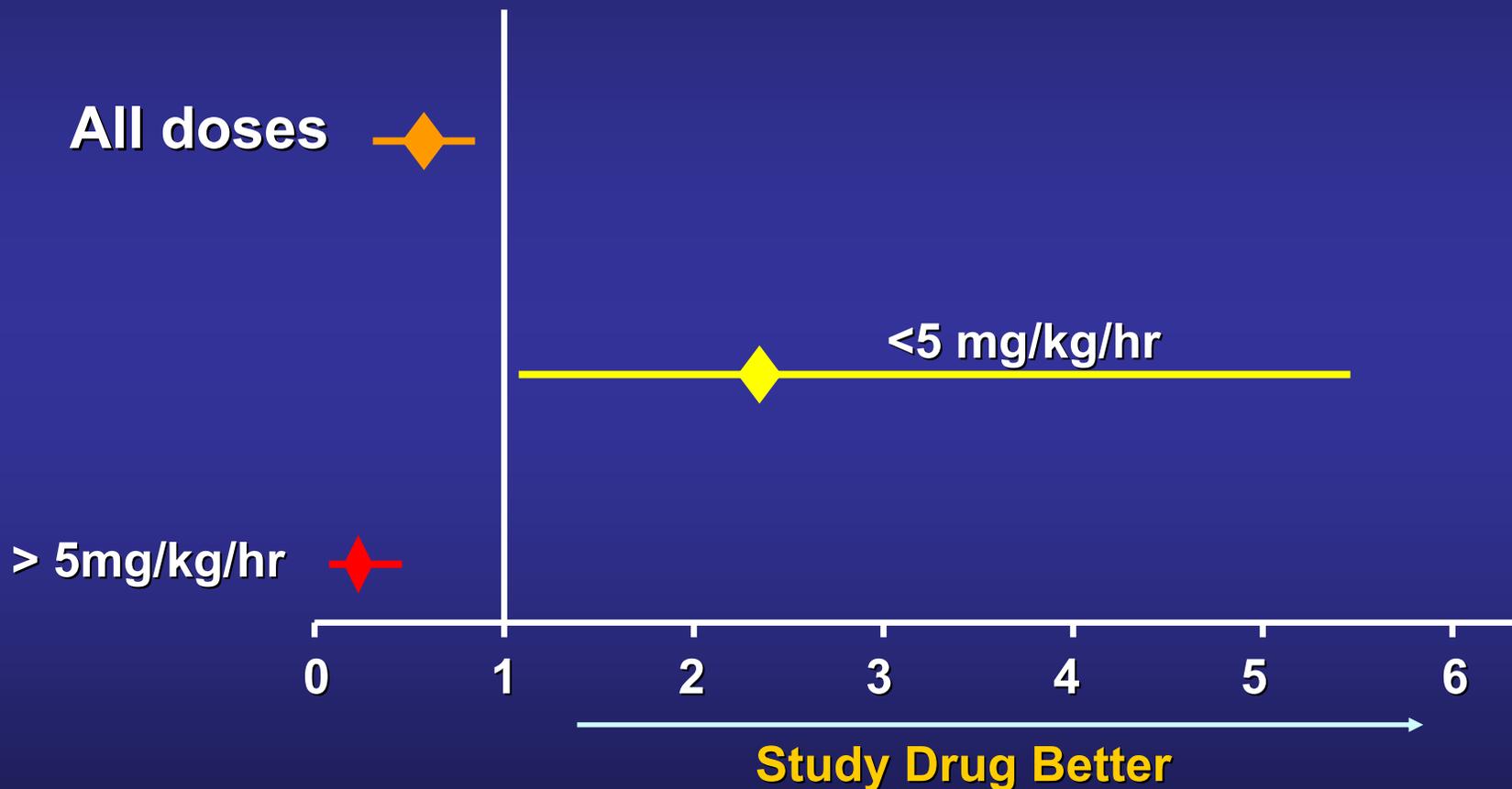
p=0.02



Effects of L-NMMA on Survival in Septic Shock

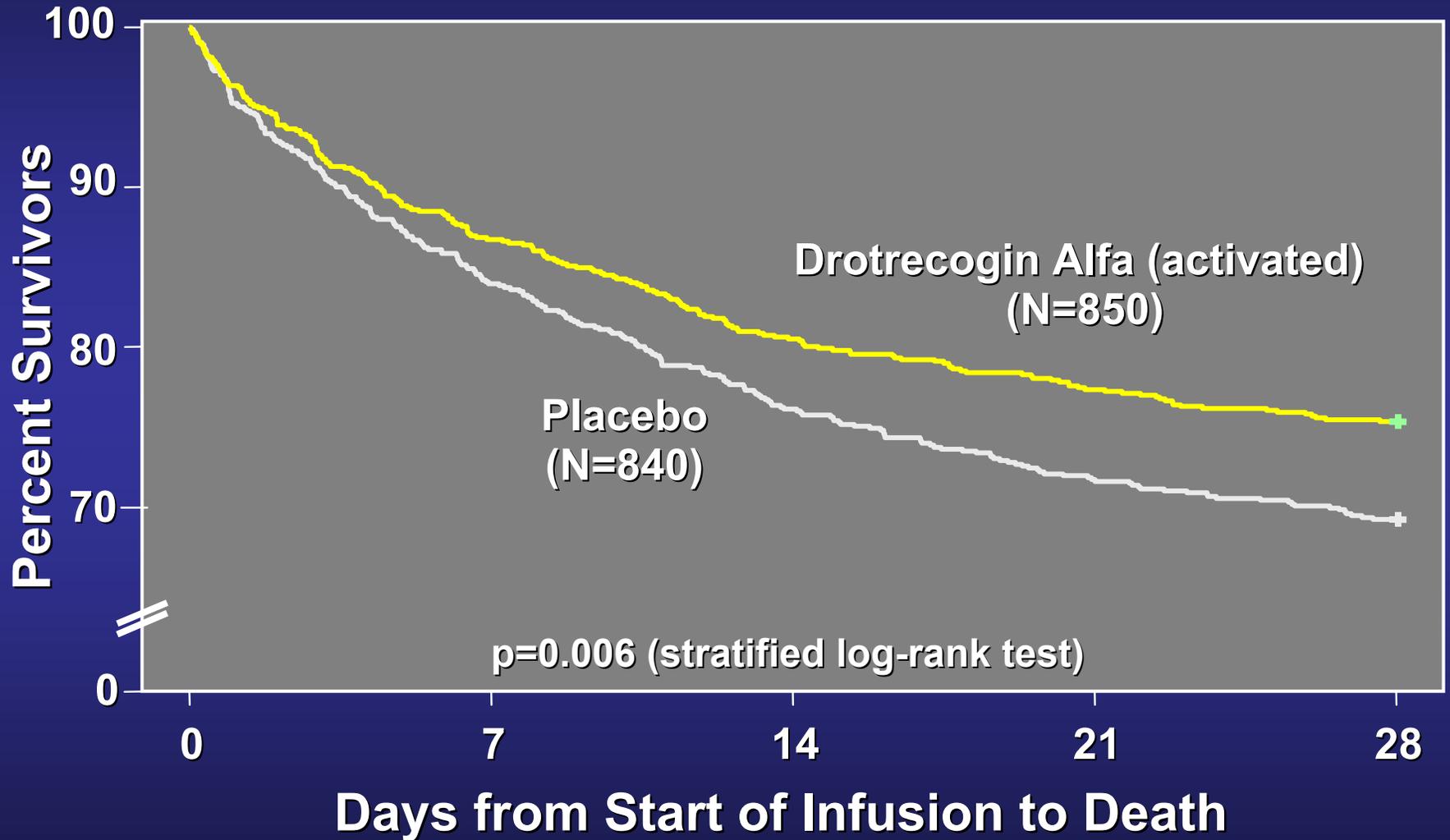


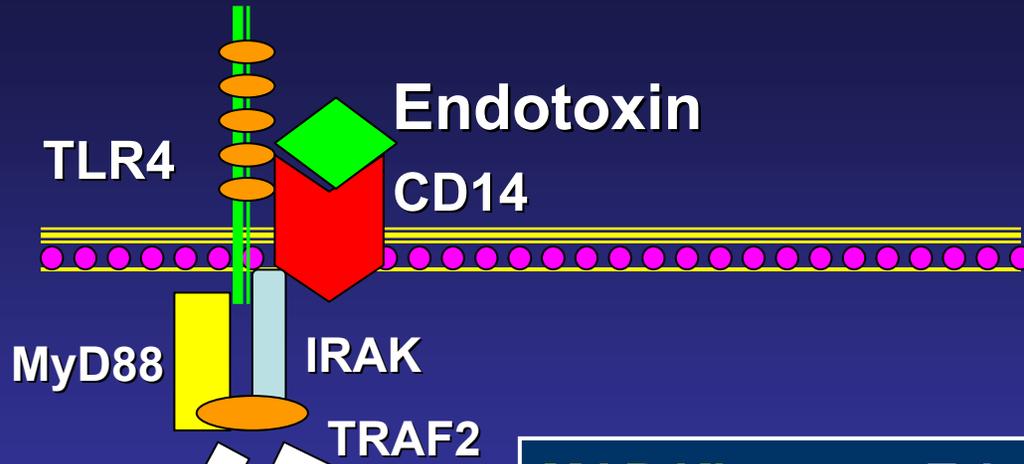
Dose-dependent Effects of L-NMMA on Survival



- Lopez, *Crit Care Med* 32:21, 2004

PROWESS: DrotAA Improved Survival





MAP Kinases: Erk, p38, Jnk
PI3 Kinase

NFκB

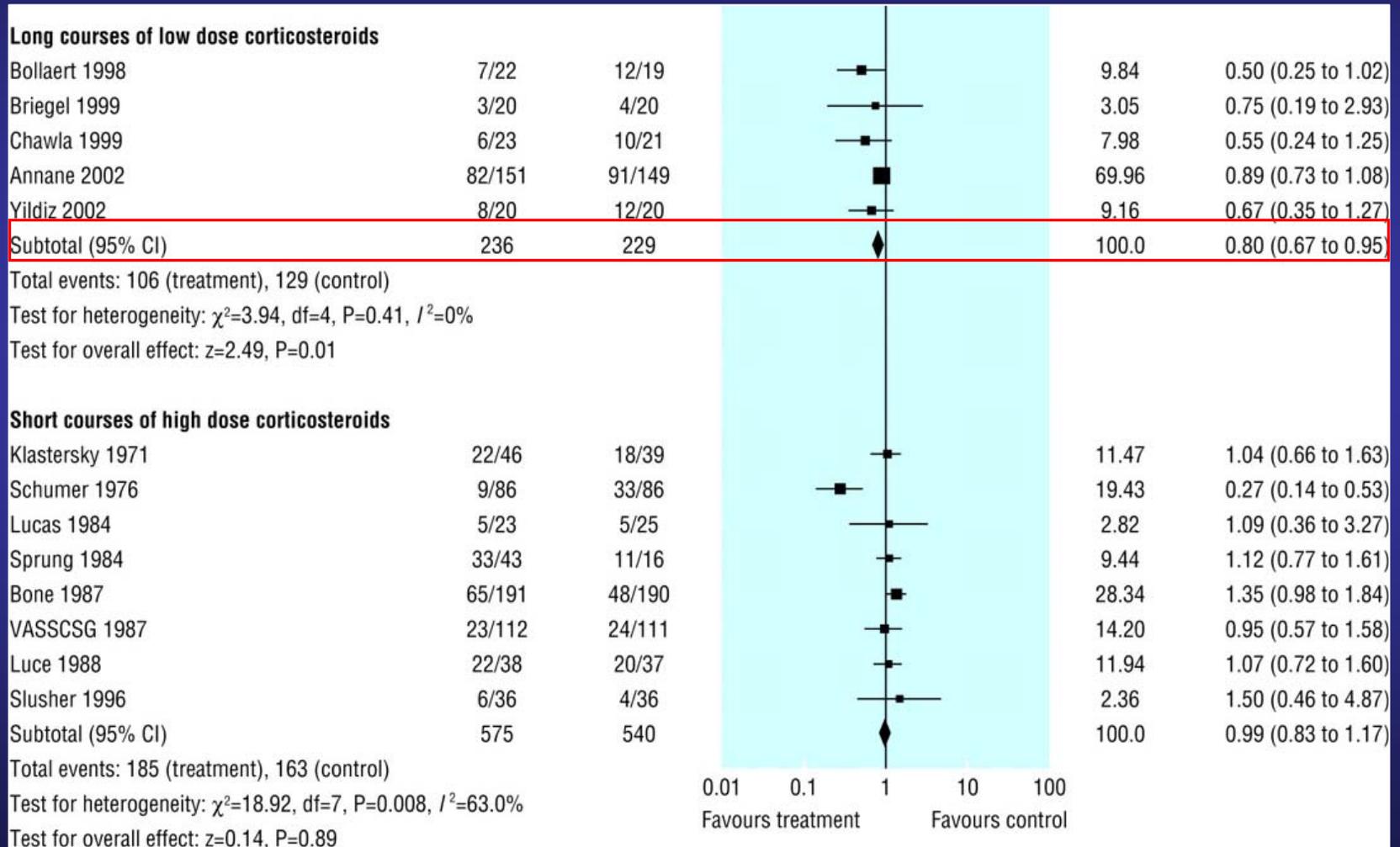
**Pro-inflammatory genes:
IL-1, TNF**

**Tissue ischemia,
Cell necrosis,
Apoptosis**

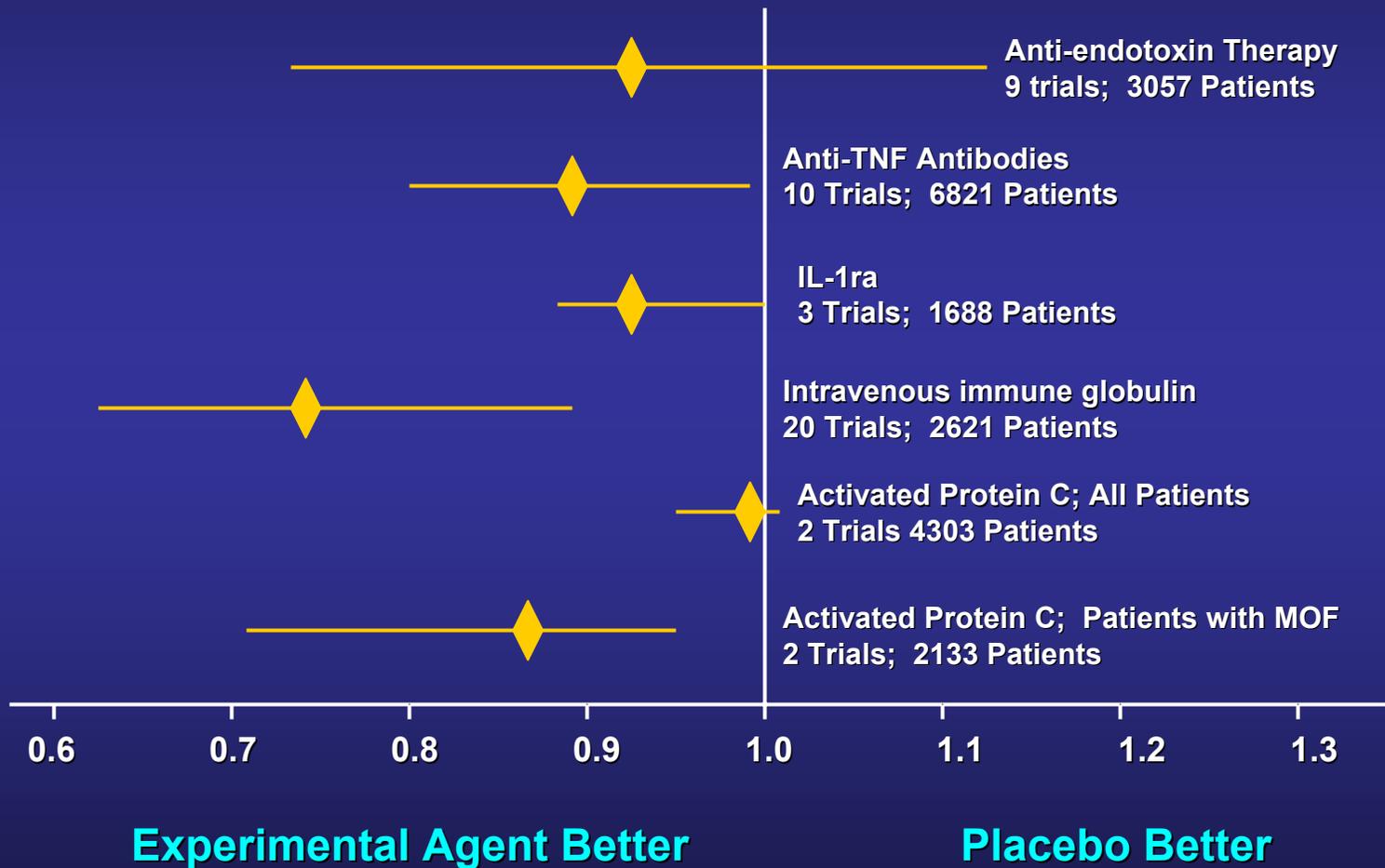
**PAF, Nitric oxide,
Coagulation**



Corticosteroids in Septic Shock: A Meta-analysis



Adjuvant Therapy in Sepsis



But ...

- **Impact is modest**
- **Indications for use poorly defined**

Sepsis Syndrome

(Bone et al; 1987)

Suspected or proven infection, in association with:

- **Tachycardia**
- **Tachypnea**
- **Hyper- or hypothermia**
- **Dysfunction of one or more organs**

Sepsis Syndrome

- **24 year old man with penetrating injury to colon**
- **86 year old woman with CHF and Enterococcal UTI**
- **51 year old man with COPD exacerbation; *Candida* in sputum**

An Alternate Model for Sepsis Research

- **A generic clinical phenotype**
- **Therapy-specific entry criteria**
- **Severity staging**

An Alternate Model for Sepsis Research

- **A generic clinical phenotype**
- **Therapy-specific entry criteria**
- **Severity staging**



What is the Clinical Phenotype?

- **Elevated heart rate**
- **Rapid respiratory rate**
- **Temperature changes**
- **Altered white cell count**

The Cardinal Signs of Inflammation

- Rubor
- Calor
- Dolor
- Tumor
- Functio laesa



Galen of Pergamon
129 – 210 AD



Rubor Hypotension, oliguria

Calor Fever

Dolor Confusion, drowsiness, pain

Tumor Edema, dyspnea

Functio laesa Organ dysfunction,
coagulopathy

An Alternate Model for Sepsis Research

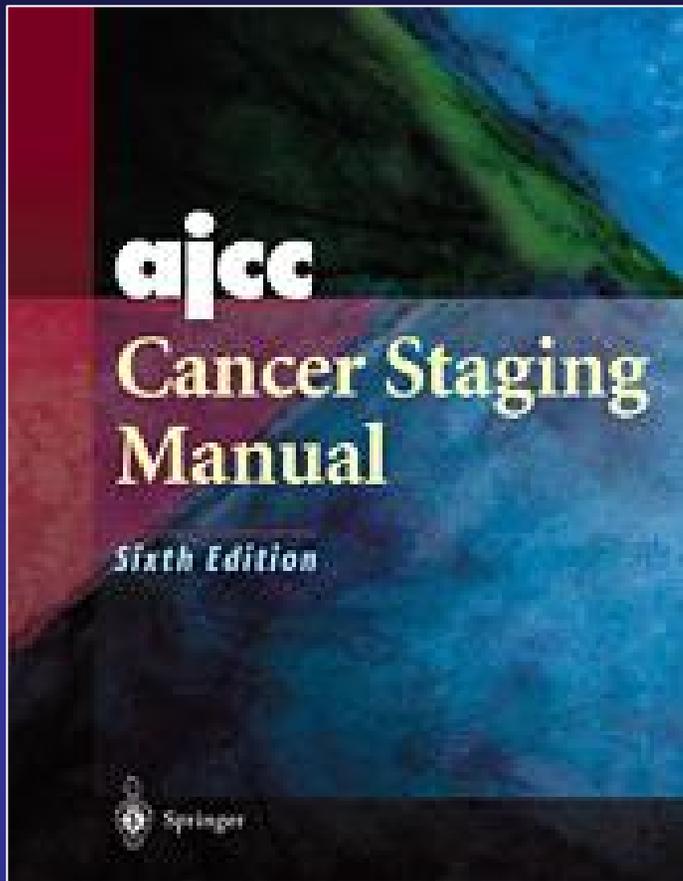
- **A generic clinical phenotype**
- **Therapy-specific entry criteria**
- **Severity staging**

Cytokine Levels in Human Sepsis

	Median (pg/ml)	Range
TNF	83	7 – 57,151
IL-6	965	8 – 1,553,435
IL-8	2130	16 – 651,338

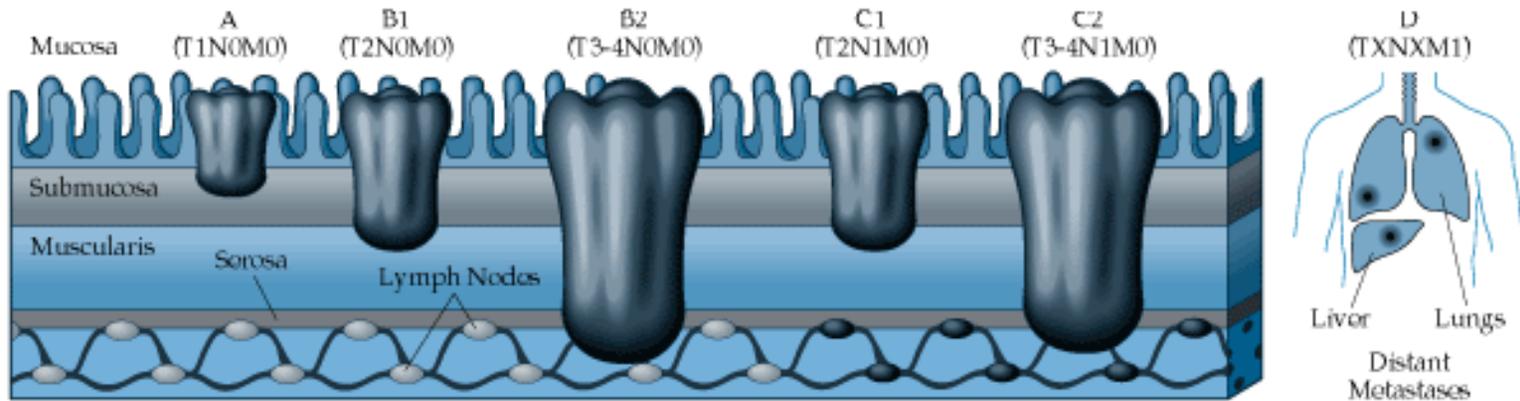
An Alternate Model for Sepsis Research

- **A generic clinical phenotype**
- **Therapy-specific entry criteria**
- **Severity staging**



Cancer staging stratifies by:

- **Prognosis**
- **Potential to respond to treatment**

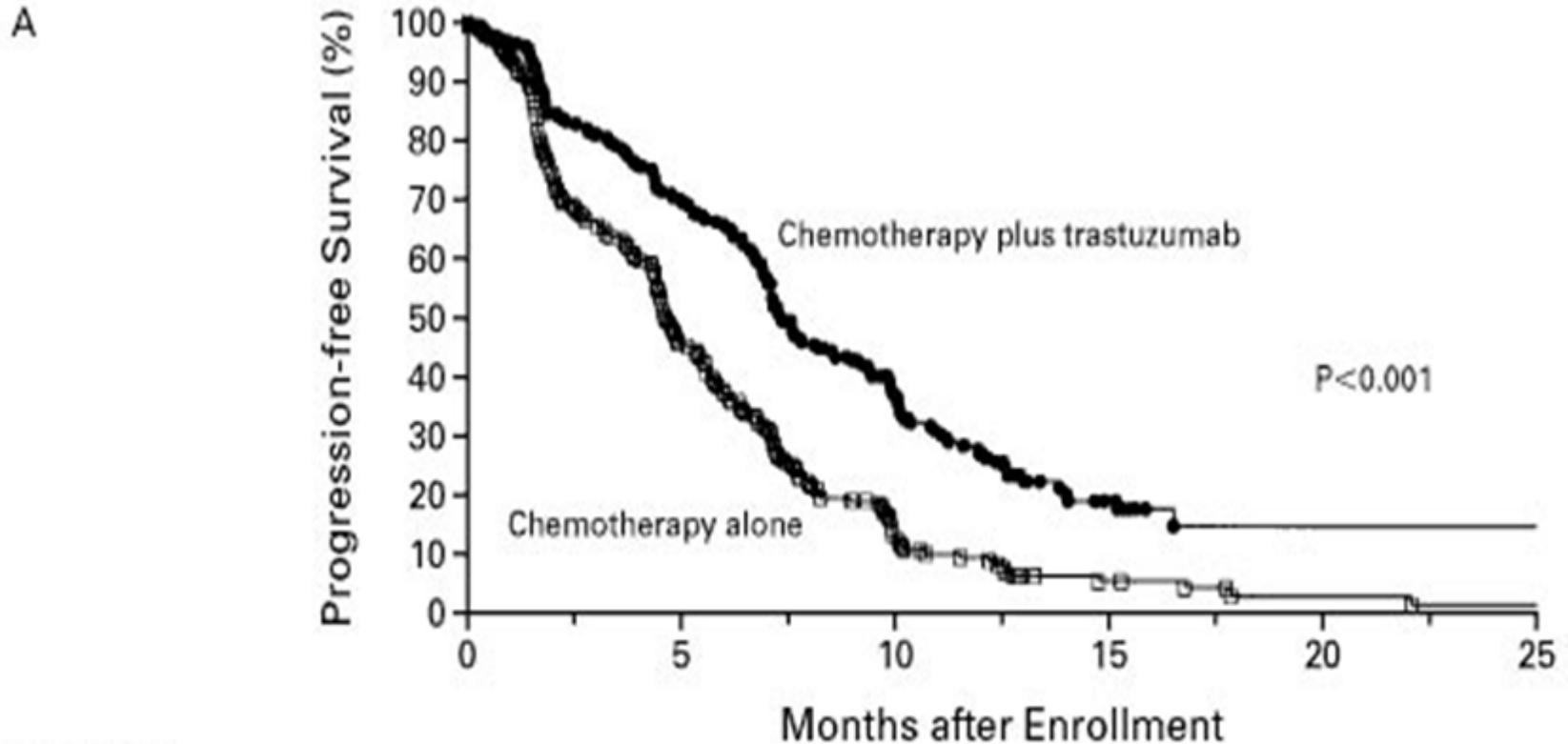


Staging of and Prognosis for Colorectal Cancer



- **Histologically confirmed, completely excised breast cancer**
- **Her2 overexpression by immunohistochemistry or FISH**
- **Tumor >1 cm; node positive or node negative**

Trastuzumab Improves Disease-Free Survival in HER2 Positive Breast Cancer



No. AT RISK

Chemotherapy plus trastuzumab

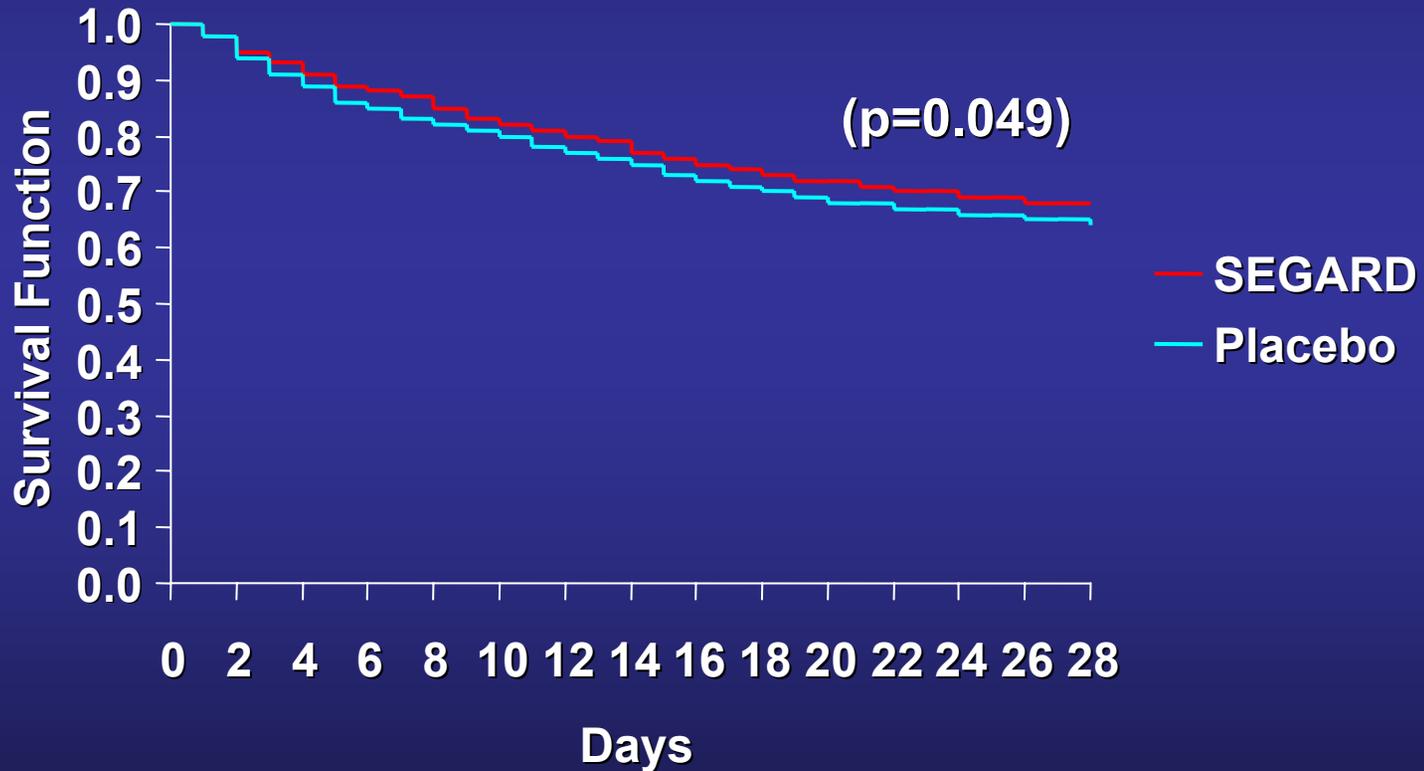
Chemotherapy alone

235	152	63	15
234	103	25	6

The PIRO Concept

- **Predisposition**
- **Insult**
- **Response**
- **Organ dysfunction**

Effects of Neutralization of TNF with MAK 195F on 28 Day All-cause Mortality



“Genetic and environmental influences on premature death in adult adoptees”

- Sorensen TI et al; *N Engl J Med* 318:727, 1988

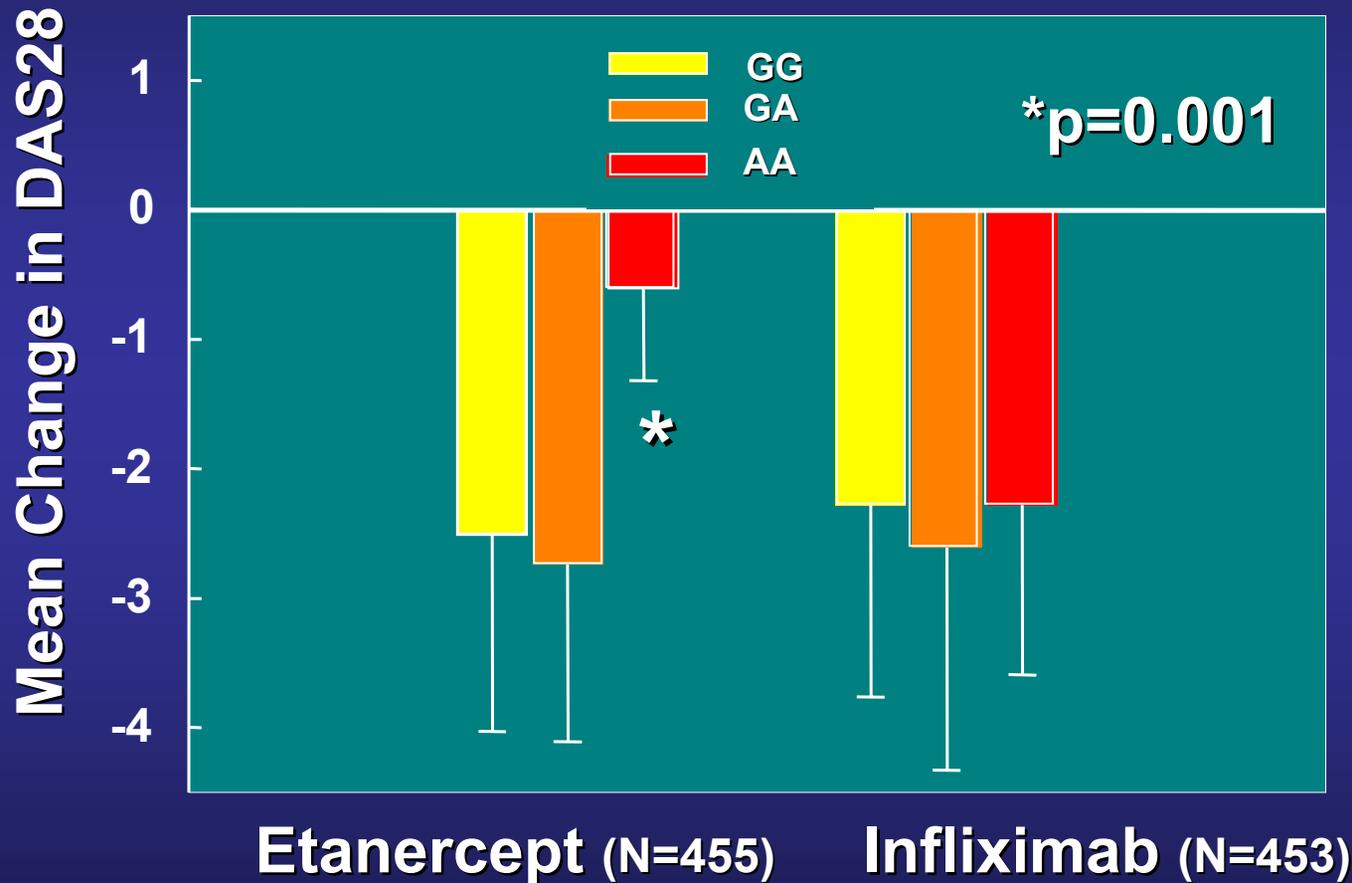
- 960 Danish families**
- Children born 1924 – 1926**
- Early adoption into biologically unrelated family**
- Early deaths in children and parents**

Risk of Death: Cause of Death of Biologic Parent

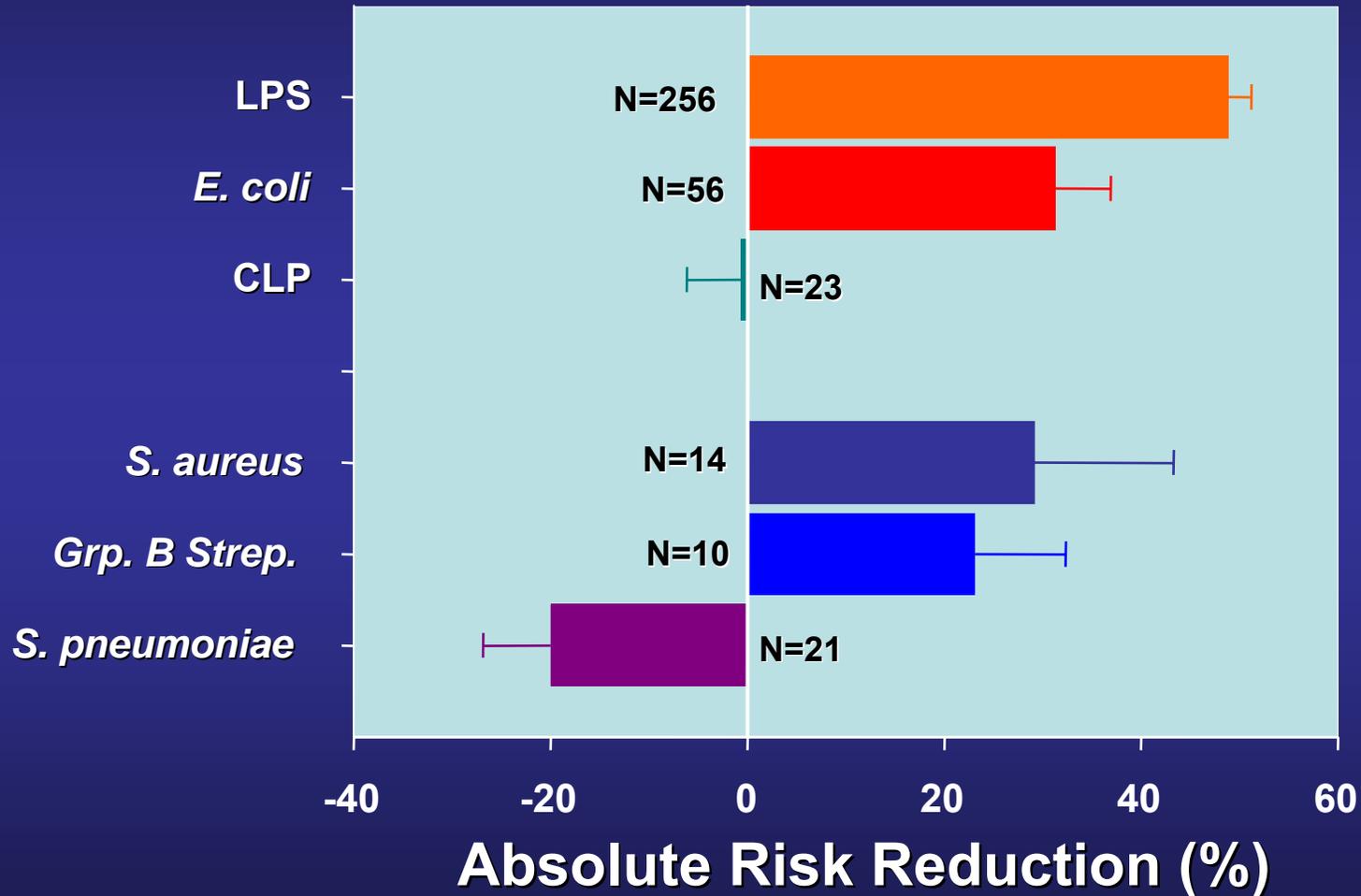
	RR	95% CI
All causes	1.71	1.14 – 2.57
Natural causes	1.98	1.25 – 3.12
Infection	5.81	2.47 – 13.7
Cardiovascular	4.52	1.32 – 15.4
Cancer	1.19	0.16 – 8.99

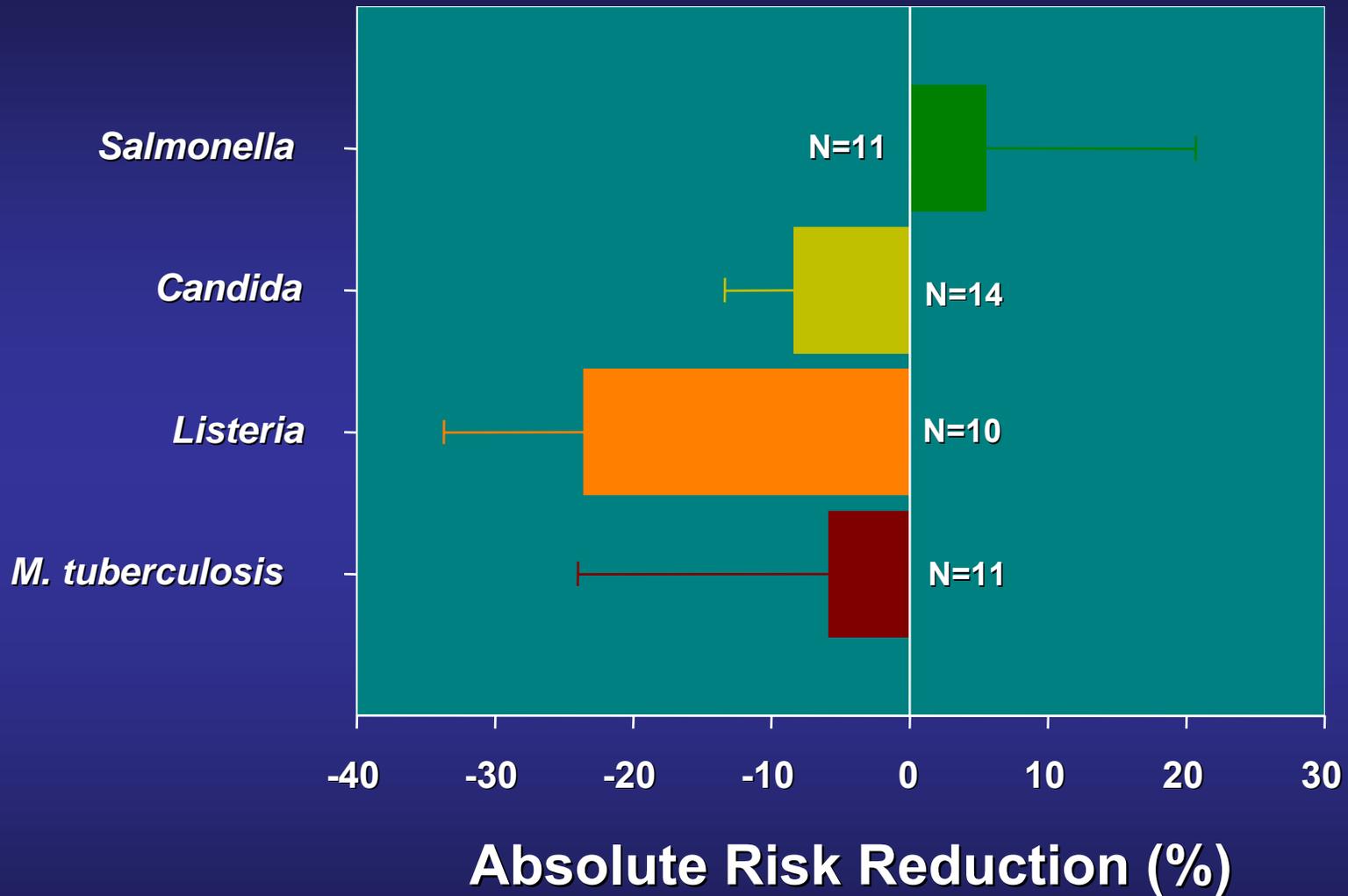
- Sorensen et al *N Engl J Med* 318:727, 1988

The TNF -308A/G Polymorphism Modifies the Response to Anti-TNF Therapy

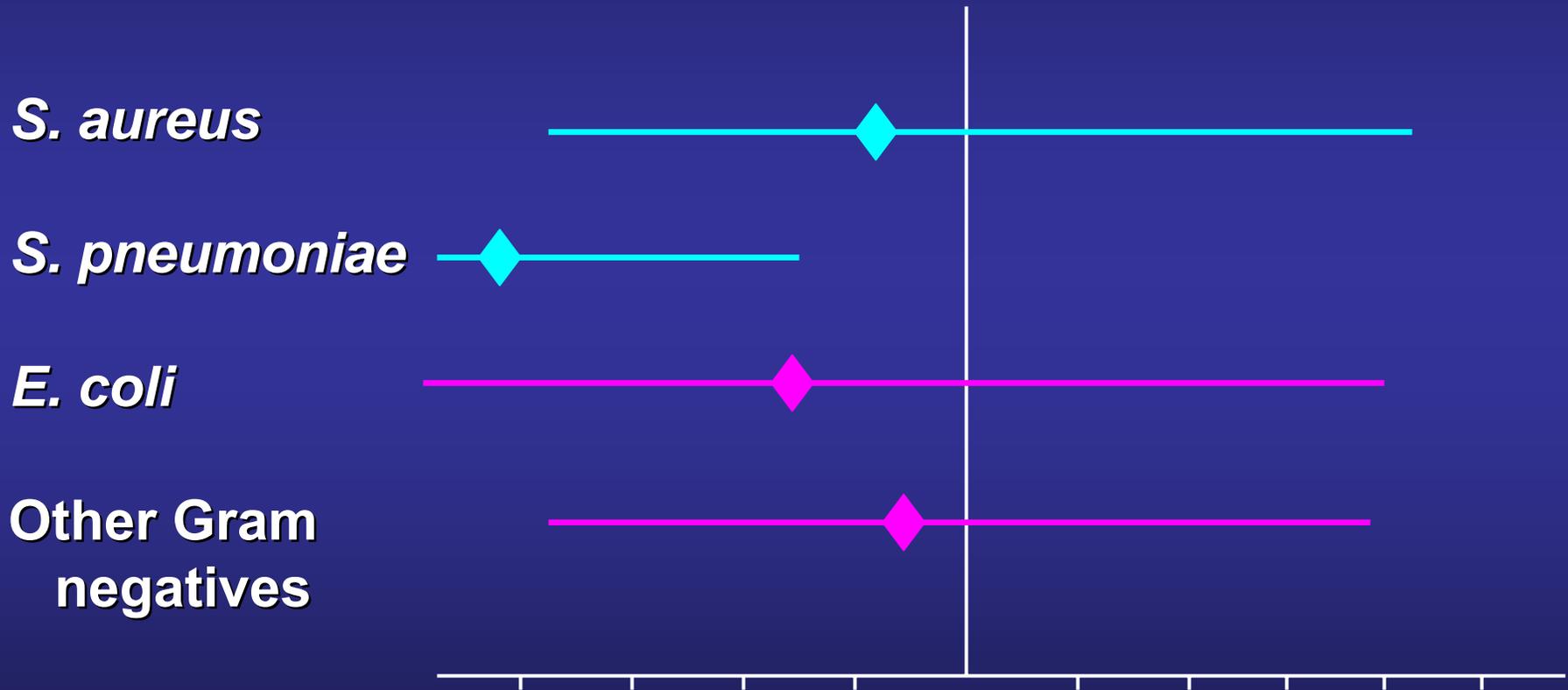


Influence of Infectious Challenge on Response to Neutralization of TNF α

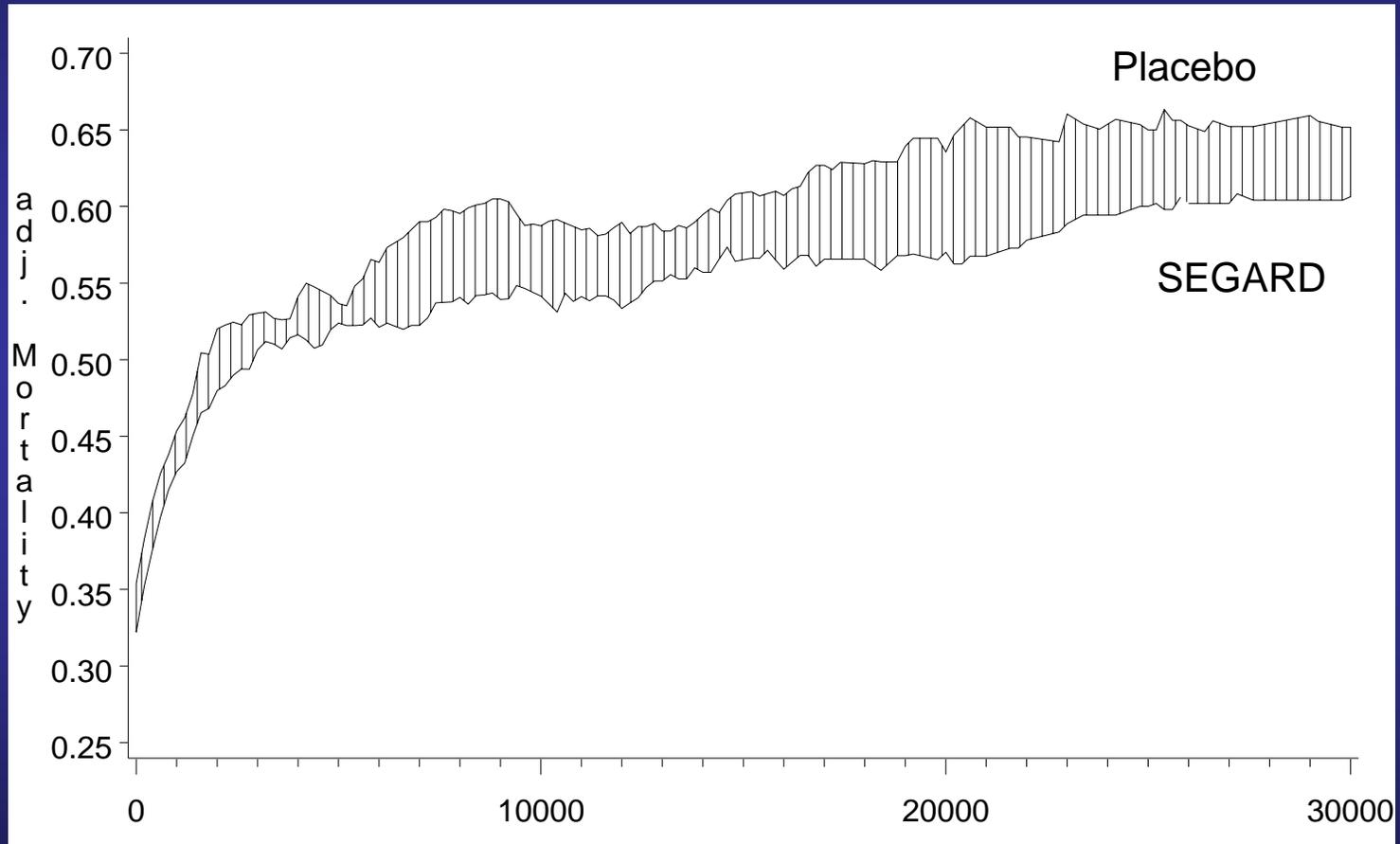




Response to Drotrecogin α by Causative Organism



Probability of Mortality by Baseline IL-6 Level

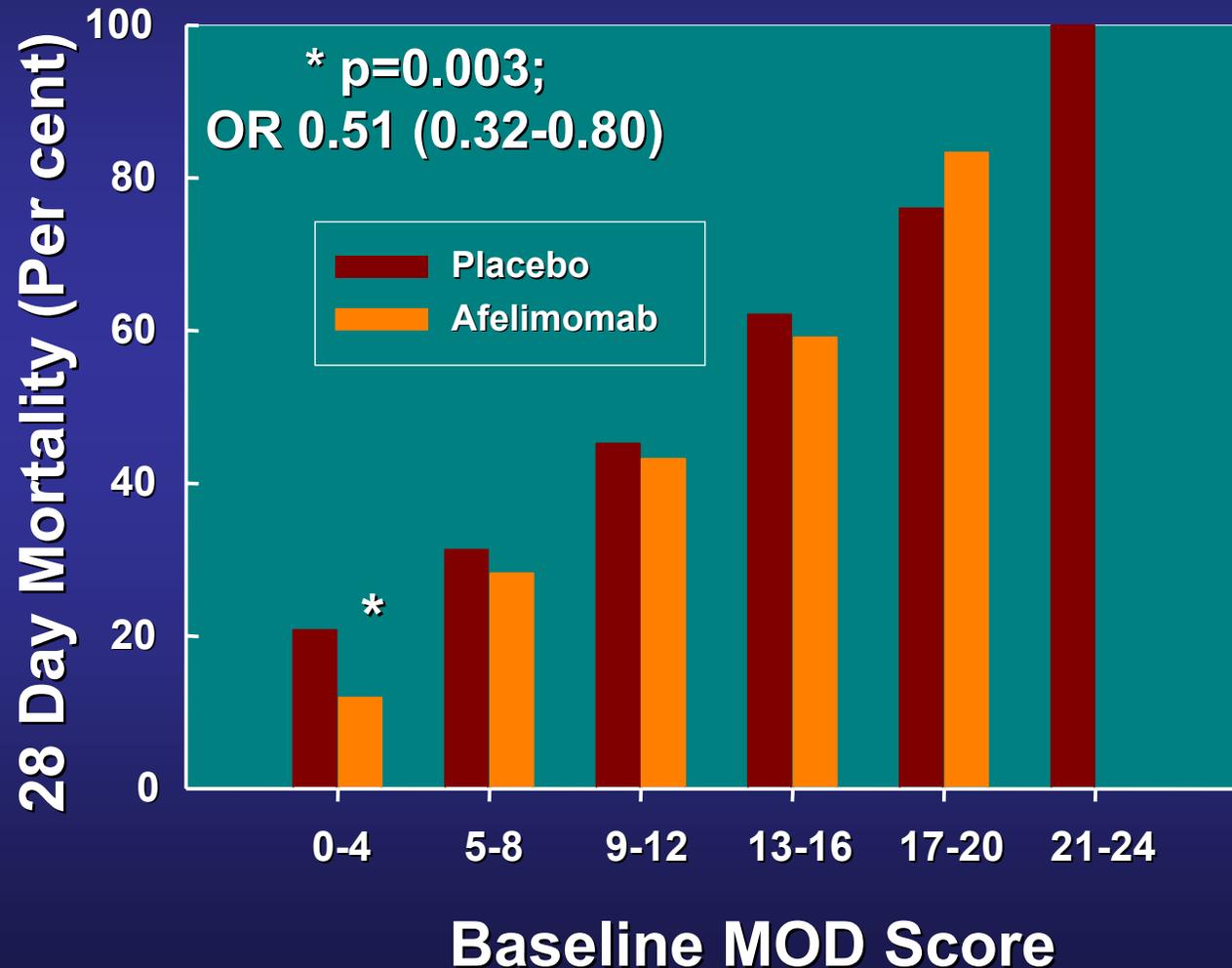


IL-6 Level (pg/ml)

Impact of Organ Dysfunction on Response to Antibiotics

	ICU Mortality		
	Adequate	Inadequate	p.
LOD > 4 (N=72)	21/36 (59%)	20/36 (56%)	0.81
LOD ≤ 4 (N=70)	2/27 (7%)	16/43 (37%)	0.006

Anti-TNF is Most Efficacious in Patients without Organ Dysfunction



The Next Anti-TNF Trial

P: -308A promoter polymorphism

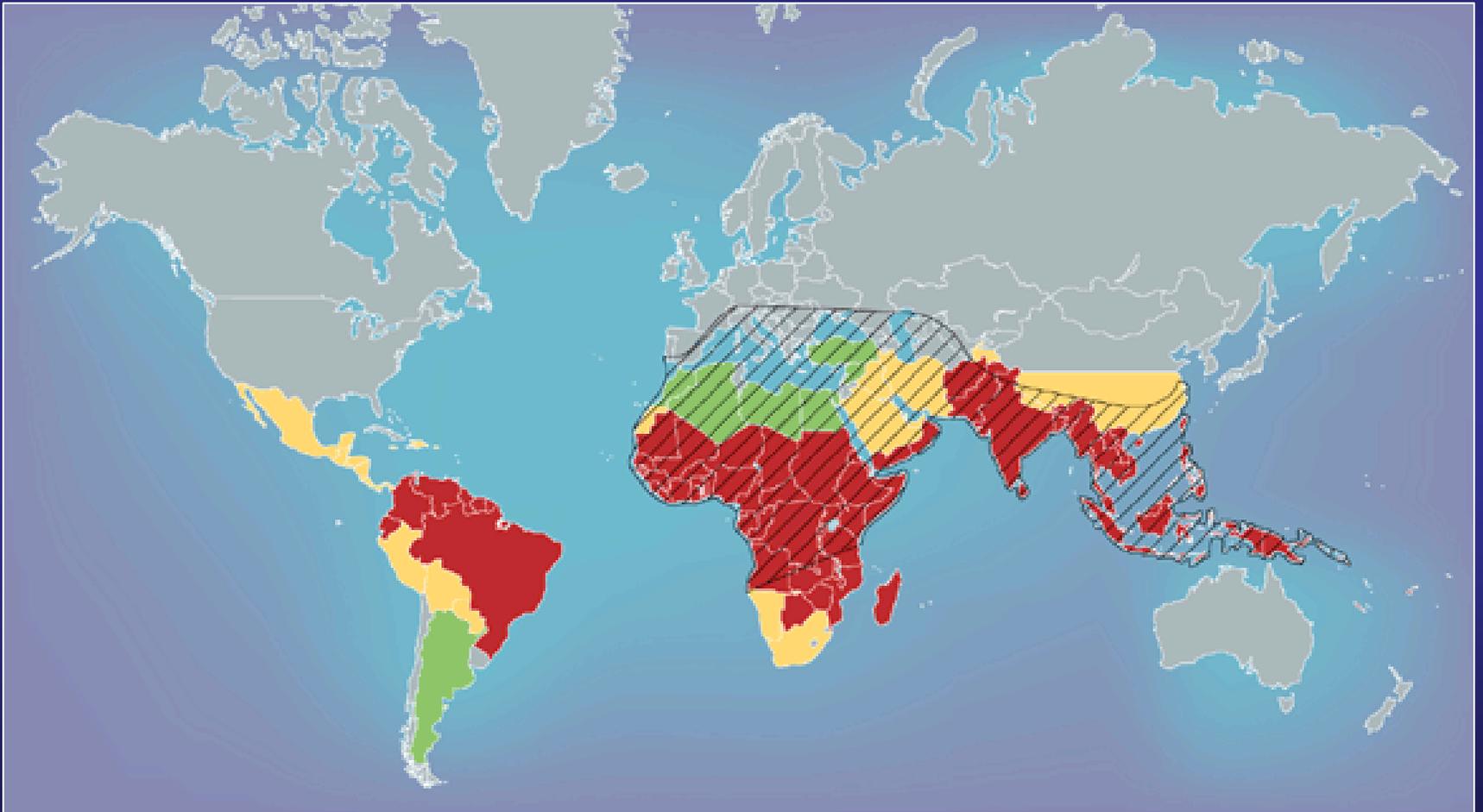
I: Acutely ill patient, exclude patients with fungal infection or CAP

R: Elevated IL-6

O: MOD/SOFA Score \leq 8

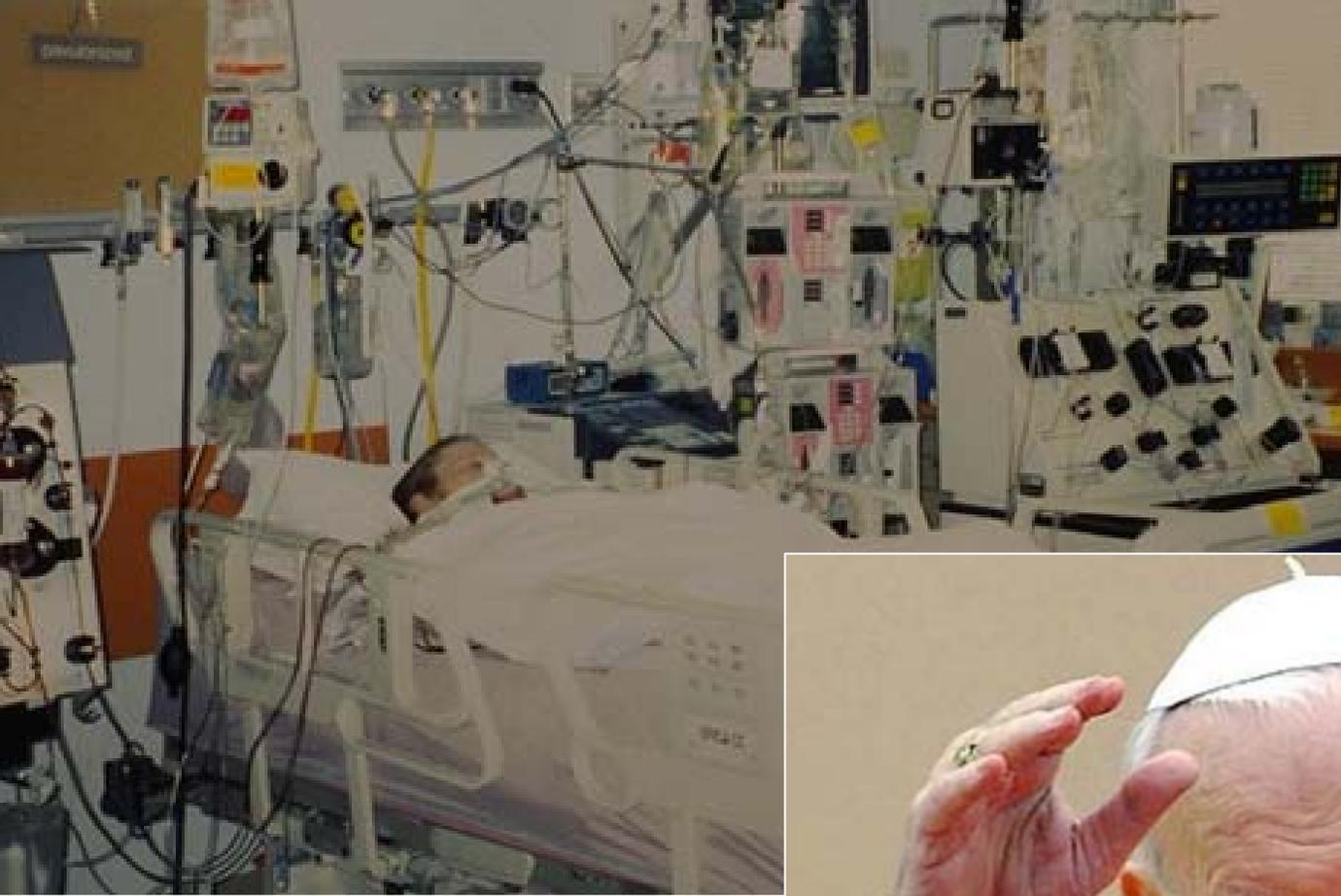


Polymorphisms in the Hemoglobin Gene Arise in Regions Where Malaria is Endemic



Sepsis is the Leading Cause of Preventable Death

- **Infection in the developed world**
- **Tuberculosis**
- **Malaria**
- **Childhood diarrhea**
- **HIV/AIDS**





A global program to reduce mortality rates in severe sepsis

ESICM, ISF and SCCM

Partially funded by unrestricted educational grants from Baxter, Edwards, Philips and Lilly

Surviving Sepsis Campaign guidelines for management of severe sepsis and septic shock

R. Phillip Dellinger, MD; Jean M. Carlet, MD; Henry Masur, MD; Herwig Gerlach, MD, PhD; Thierry Calandra, MD; Jonathan Cohen, MD; Juan Gea-Banacloche, MD, PhD; Didier Keh, MD; John C. Marshall, MD; Margaret M. Parker, MD; Graham Ramsay, MD; Janice L. Zimmerman, MD; Jean-Louis Vincent, MD, PhD; Mitchell M. Levy, MD; for the Surviving Sepsis Campaign Management Guidelines Committee

Sponsoring Organizations: American Association of Critical-Care Nurses, American College of Chest Physicians, American College of Emergency Physicians, American Thoracic Society, Australian and New Zealand Intensive Care Society, European Society of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, European Society of Intensive Care Medicine, European Respiratory Society, International Sepsis Forum, Society of Critical Care Medicine, Surgical Infection Society.

Objective: In 2003, critical care and infectious disease experts representing 11 international organizations developed management guidelines for severe sepsis and septic shock that would be of practical use for the bedside clinician, under the auspices of the

for death; with resolution of tissue hypoperfusion and in the absence of coronary artery disease or acute hemorrhage, targeting a hemoglobin of 7–9 g/dL; appropriate use of fresh frozen plasma and platelets; a low tidal volume and limitation of inspiratory plateau pressure strategy for



Surviving Sepsis Campaign

- **Global process change initiative based on “sepsis bundles”**
- **15,022 patients enrolled**
- **7% absolute, 5.4% relative mortality reduction ($p < 0.001$)**

The Future

- **International large, unbiased natural history studies**
- **Clinical and biochemical characterization**
- **Extensive interdisciplinary collaboration**
- **Industry and peer review funding**



**Thank
you!!**